



SILICON  
VALLEY  
LIVE



 **COUNTDOWN TO 2024**  
DAYS      HOURS      MIN      SEC



1  
00:00:20,390 --> 00:00:17,500

[Music]

2  
00:00:22,730 --> 00:00:20,400

hey everybody welcome to another episode

3  
00:00:25,339 --> 00:00:22,740

of NASA and Silicon Valley live

4  
00:00:26,929 --> 00:00:25,349

I'm your host Abbey Taber and if this is

5  
00:00:28,730 --> 00:00:26,939

your first time joining us NASA and

6  
00:00:30,589 --> 00:00:28,740

Silicon Valley live is a conversational

7  
00:00:33,319 --> 00:00:30,599

show out of NASA's Ames Research Center

8  
00:00:36,050 --> 00:00:33,329

where we talk about all the nerdy NASA

9  
00:00:39,770 --> 00:00:36,060

news you need to know so I have here

10  
00:00:42,290 --> 00:00:39,780

today our old friend Tiffany hi everyone

11  
00:00:44,660 --> 00:00:42,300

I am your co-host Tiffany Blake if he

12  
00:00:47,780 --> 00:00:44,670

didn't know we are live on twitch

13  
00:00:49,310 --> 00:00:47,790

YouTube Facebook and periscope but if

14

00:00:51,470 --> 00:00:49,320

you want to participate in the chat and

15

00:00:55,660 --> 00:00:51,480

ask our guests questions there's only

16

00:01:00,740 --> 00:00:59,210

[www.twitch.tv/esa](http://www.twitch.tv/esa) yeah and I know you're

17

00:01:03,830 --> 00:01:00,750

gonna have a lot of questions because

18

00:01:06,109 --> 00:01:03,840

today we are talking about air taxis and

19

00:01:07,850 --> 00:01:06,119

the future of urban transport and we

20

00:01:11,359 --> 00:01:07,860

have a couple of awesome guests here to

21

00:01:13,280 --> 00:01:11,369

tell us all about that hey guys hey why

22

00:01:15,380 --> 00:01:13,290

don't you tell everybody your name and

23

00:01:17,690 --> 00:01:15,390

what you do here sure hey everyone I'm

24

00:01:19,940 --> 00:01:17,700

Siobhan Dooley I'm an aerospace research

25

00:01:21,440 --> 00:01:19,950

engineer and I do research on new

26  
00:01:24,709 --> 00:01:21,450  
aircraft and how they enter our airspace

27  
00:01:26,719 --> 00:01:24,719  
awesome and I'm Joey I'm a research

28  
00:01:29,389 --> 00:01:26,729  
aerospace engineer and I look at new

29  
00:01:32,959 --> 00:01:29,399  
ways to manage air traffic okay a good

30  
00:01:34,580 --> 00:01:32,969  
team so Abby before we get into the show

31  
00:01:37,129 --> 00:01:34,590  
how about we remind our audience about

32  
00:01:40,160 --> 00:01:37,139  
our really cool clock here yeah yeah for

33  
00:01:43,340 --> 00:01:40,170  
sure this is our moon countdown clock

34  
00:01:46,429 --> 00:01:43,350  
where we are counting down the next five

35  
00:01:49,010 --> 00:01:46,439  
years to 2024 when we're planning to

36  
00:01:51,440 --> 00:01:49,020  
send humans to the moon as part of the

37  
00:01:53,870 --> 00:01:51,450  
Artemis program so this clock is

38  
00:01:57,440 --> 00:01:53,880

counting down the days hours minutes and

39

00:01:59,389 --> 00:01:57,450

seconds to 2024 when the first woman and

40

00:02:00,340 --> 00:01:59,399

the next man will walk on the moon's

41

00:02:03,499 --> 00:02:00,350

South Pole

42

00:02:04,969 --> 00:02:03,509

so what exactly get excited for that and

43

00:02:10,490 --> 00:02:04,979

if you want to learn more you can go to

44

00:02:13,339 --> 00:02:10,500

nasa.gov slash artemis but for now let's

45

00:02:15,650 --> 00:02:13,349

get into the topic of the day right yeah

46

00:02:19,030 --> 00:02:15,660

can you guys start off by telling us how

47

00:02:21,980 --> 00:02:19,040

is NASA reimagining urban transportation

48

00:02:23,750 --> 00:02:21,990

yeah so there's um this new concept

49

00:02:25,910 --> 00:02:23,760

that's come about it's called urban air

50

00:02:28,540 --> 00:02:25,920

mobility so you might hear us call it um

51  
00:02:29,890 --> 00:02:28,550  
okay so what is like UAM yeah right so

52  
00:02:32,649 --> 00:02:29,900  
one can

53  
00:02:34,899 --> 00:02:32,659  
and above them an air to air traffic

54  
00:02:38,080 --> 00:02:34,909  
management system that has everything

55  
00:02:40,420 --> 00:02:38,090  
from small delivery drones to passenger

56  
00:02:43,990 --> 00:02:40,430  
carrying air taxis flying safely and

57  
00:02:46,509 --> 00:02:44,000  
efficiently above urban centers or you

58  
00:02:48,069 --> 00:02:46,519  
know almost above anywhere almost every

59  
00:02:49,630 --> 00:02:48,079  
day and that's that vision that we're

60  
00:02:52,839 --> 00:02:49,640  
really trying to enable where we have

61  
00:02:55,300 --> 00:02:52,849  
new aircraft new entrants making our

62  
00:02:57,880 --> 00:02:55,310  
lives easier yeah by providing functions

63  
00:03:00,610 --> 00:02:57,890

that we all really need ok amazing so

64

00:03:02,589 --> 00:03:00,620

how did we get here what like what led

65

00:03:05,740 --> 00:03:02,599

to this moment we're working on this now

66

00:03:08,229 --> 00:03:05,750

yeah so industry has really been pushing

67

00:03:11,140 --> 00:03:08,239

things forward there's folks know right

68

00:03:12,670 --> 00:03:11,150

as you we have automobiles and as

69

00:03:14,770 --> 00:03:12,680

automobiles have been moving and

70

00:03:17,259 --> 00:03:14,780

developing you have this new advent of

71

00:03:19,539 --> 00:03:17,269

electric yeah electric cars right so

72

00:03:21,759 --> 00:03:19,549

that same technology can now actually

73

00:03:24,610 --> 00:03:21,769

also be applied to aircraft so we have

74

00:03:27,160 --> 00:03:24,620

electric propulsion for aircraft so just

75

00:03:30,160 --> 00:03:27,170

like you have this new clean and

76

00:03:32,500 --> 00:03:30,170

efficient way of providing transport for

77

00:03:34,599 --> 00:03:32,510

vehicles this new clean electric

78

00:03:37,689 --> 00:03:34,609

transport can be applied for aircraft ok

79

00:03:39,789 --> 00:03:37,699

so we have new automation also that's

80

00:03:41,530 --> 00:03:39,799

coming into play so new control systems

81

00:03:43,150 --> 00:03:41,540

that are onboard vehicles and it's

82

00:03:45,309 --> 00:03:43,160

really that combination of those two

83

00:03:47,559 --> 00:03:45,319

things electric propulsion technology

84

00:03:50,649 --> 00:03:47,569

plus automation has really led us

85

00:03:51,970 --> 00:03:50,659

towards this new kind of mode of

86

00:03:54,640 --> 00:03:51,980

transportation that we're really excited

87

00:03:56,229 --> 00:03:54,650

ok awesome awesome so these air taxis

88

00:03:58,930 --> 00:03:56,239

you've been describing I think you came

89

00:04:00,309 --> 00:03:58,940

with an image of an example yeah right

90

00:04:02,319 --> 00:04:00,319

ok let's let's bring that up and you can

91

00:04:06,520 --> 00:04:02,329

talk to us about what we're seeing sure

92

00:04:08,589 --> 00:04:06,530

cool so this is a concept vehicle this

93

00:04:11,020 --> 00:04:08,599

is what we call an electric vertical

94

00:04:14,080 --> 00:04:11,030

takeoff and landing vehicle you can see

95

00:04:17,680 --> 00:04:14,090

it has four rotors two on each side so

96

00:04:19,390 --> 00:04:17,690

what's a rotor a rotor are blades that

97

00:04:21,339 --> 00:04:19,400

spin to help generate lift kind of like

98

00:04:24,129 --> 00:04:21,349

a helicopter okay right so helicopter

99

00:04:26,230 --> 00:04:24,139

you typically have one rotor above and

100

00:04:27,939 --> 00:04:26,240

then you have a tail rotor behind and so

101  
00:04:30,969 --> 00:04:27,949  
what these rotors do is they provide

102  
00:04:33,339 --> 00:04:30,979  
lift this is just one configuration of a

103  
00:04:35,800 --> 00:04:33,349  
potential urban air mobility vehicle

104  
00:04:37,779 --> 00:04:35,810  
there are many condition figurations you

105  
00:04:40,120 --> 00:04:37,789  
can also see here that that vehicle also

106  
00:04:41,920 --> 00:04:40,130  
has a wing right yeah so how would these

107  
00:04:43,700 --> 00:04:41,930  
vehicles kind of fly you can imagine

108  
00:04:45,320 --> 00:04:43,710  
that they would take off

109  
00:04:47,540 --> 00:04:45,330  
and then shift to forward flight

110  
00:04:49,880 --> 00:04:47,550  
leveraging their wing to have efficient

111  
00:04:51,770 --> 00:04:49,890  
performance okay a cross between a

112  
00:04:54,230 --> 00:04:51,780  
helicopters take off in a plane flying

113  
00:04:57,110 --> 00:04:54,240

board all right yeah you have a couple

114

00:04:59,030 --> 00:04:57,120

of questions here I'm ready we have big

115

00:05:02,990 --> 00:04:59,040

bad Tom he says don't we already had our

116

00:05:05,450 --> 00:05:03,000

taxis better known as a plane question

117

00:05:06,950 --> 00:05:05,460

that is a good question so traditional

118

00:05:09,320 --> 00:05:06,960

commercial aircrafts current-day

119

00:05:11,990 --> 00:05:09,330

aircraft that we all fly in today those

120

00:05:14,060 --> 00:05:12,000

are for longer flights typically right

121

00:05:16,490 --> 00:05:14,070

so you might fly from San Francisco to

122

00:05:18,170 --> 00:05:16,500

LA or San Francisco to New York or

123

00:05:21,830 --> 00:05:18,180

wherever you are interested in flying

124

00:05:24,050 --> 00:05:21,840

those are over longer longer trips so

125

00:05:26,660 --> 00:05:24,060

you're covering lots of miles right and

126

00:05:29,360 --> 00:05:26,670

also those aircraft use fuel so jet fuel

127

00:05:31,610 --> 00:05:29,370

these new air taxis or urban air

128

00:05:32,930 --> 00:05:31,620

mobility vehicles are electric

129

00:05:35,510 --> 00:05:32,940

propulsion vehicle so you're no longer

130

00:05:37,070 --> 00:05:35,520

relying on jet fuel and in addition

131

00:05:39,140 --> 00:05:37,080

they're typically flying shorter

132

00:05:40,790 --> 00:05:39,150

emissions there's a lot there's a kind

133

00:05:42,890 --> 00:05:40,800

of a wide range of their mission types

134

00:05:44,180 --> 00:05:42,900

but you're typically flying shorter

135

00:05:46,040 --> 00:05:44,190

missions and you're using a different

136

00:05:48,350 --> 00:05:46,050

mode of fuel right

137

00:05:49,370 --> 00:05:48,360

and in inside of within a city or yeah

138

00:05:51,170 --> 00:05:49,380

we'll see something and they're also

139

00:05:52,910 --> 00:05:51,180

small city limits yeah yeah smaller

140

00:05:54,200 --> 00:05:52,920

smaller between cities right so you

141

00:05:56,510 --> 00:05:54,210

would normally book a flight from San

142

00:06:00,190 --> 00:05:56,520

Jose to San Francisco right that's the

143

00:06:05,240 --> 00:06:02,870

right right taking us off the road like

144

00:06:08,660 --> 00:06:05,250

so hovercat here says will they be like

145

00:06:11,030 --> 00:06:08,670

large multicopter battery-powered what

146

00:06:12,170 --> 00:06:11,040

kind of range are we talking about yeah

147

00:06:14,660 --> 00:06:12,180

so there's a whole host of different

148

00:06:17,000 --> 00:06:14,670

configurations some have four rotors

149

00:06:20,180 --> 00:06:17,010

like we saw in that image some have two

150

00:06:22,250 --> 00:06:20,190

some have many and they can also have

151

00:06:24,170 --> 00:06:22,260

some with wing configurations they

152

00:06:26,600 --> 00:06:24,180

typically about four to eight passenger

153

00:06:28,460 --> 00:06:26,610

carrying in terms of this size and many

154

00:06:30,800 --> 00:06:28,470

of them are electrically powered so yes

155

00:06:32,720 --> 00:06:30,810

battery power is is where many of them

156

00:06:34,490 --> 00:06:32,730

are doing we're talking about passengers

157

00:06:36,320 --> 00:06:34,500

but actually cargo could be one of the

158

00:06:38,660 --> 00:06:36,330

first things that really starts to test

159

00:06:41,720 --> 00:06:38,670

this concept out okay makes sense yeah

160

00:06:43,550 --> 00:06:41,730

so passenger vehicles cargo delivery

161

00:06:46,310 --> 00:06:43,560

are there other applications that you

162

00:06:47,960 --> 00:06:46,320

guys see is really important yeah so one

163

00:06:50,030 --> 00:06:47,970

of the major applications we can see

164

00:06:52,390 --> 00:06:50,040

coming forward is emergency services

165

00:06:54,890 --> 00:06:52,400

okay so one can imagine if you have

166

00:06:56,890 --> 00:06:54,900

current-day helicopters being used to

167

00:06:59,260 --> 00:06:56,900

provide ambulance support services

168

00:07:00,790 --> 00:06:59,270

these vehicles could be flown in areas

169

00:07:03,160 --> 00:07:00,800

that might be dangerous or difficult to

170

00:07:05,620 --> 00:07:03,170

get to and provide those same emergency

171

00:07:08,080 --> 00:07:05,630

type services so there's a whole host of

172

00:07:09,370 --> 00:07:08,090

applications awesome right so that's

173

00:07:10,510 --> 00:07:09,380

easy to see yeah

174

00:07:12,190 --> 00:07:10,520

how we're gonna use them how it's gonna

175

00:07:14,080 --> 00:07:12,200

be super helpful mm-hmm there must be

176

00:07:16,840 --> 00:07:14,090

challenges for people like you to

177

00:07:19,240 --> 00:07:16,850

develop these systems are there a few

178

00:07:22,750 --> 00:07:19,250

that you would highlight Li yeah so I

179

00:07:25,210 --> 00:07:22,760

would actually take a phrase that's used

180

00:07:27,280 --> 00:07:25,220

by the FAA so that's the Federal

181

00:07:29,260 --> 00:07:27,290

Aviation Administration right right so

182

00:07:31,120 --> 00:07:29,270

we are working very closely with them to

183

00:07:32,920 --> 00:07:31,130

see if we can make ribbon Air Mobility a

184

00:07:34,840 --> 00:07:32,930

reality mm-hmm one of the phrases that

185

00:07:37,750 --> 00:07:34,850

they like to use is they like to focus

186

00:07:39,880 --> 00:07:37,760

on the aircraft the air man or air woman

187

00:07:42,970 --> 00:07:39,890

and the air space so what does that mean

188

00:07:44,890 --> 00:07:42,980

well these vehicles they're new right so

189

00:07:47,380 --> 00:07:44,900

these aircraft have to be certified

190

00:07:50,320 --> 00:07:47,390

there are going to be interesting

191

00:07:51,940 --> 00:07:50,330

challenges on how we a so certified

192

00:07:53,980 --> 00:07:51,950

these these vehicles as they have

193

00:07:54,820 --> 00:07:53,990

different performance characteristics we

194

00:07:56,410 --> 00:07:54,830

mentioned that they're going to be

195

00:07:58,090 --> 00:07:56,420

battery powered or electric vehicles

196

00:07:59,770 --> 00:07:58,100

that has implications on their

197

00:08:01,780 --> 00:07:59,780

certification okay certifying them is

198

00:08:03,910 --> 00:08:01,790

safe to fly like the brand new and we're

199

00:08:05,740 --> 00:08:03,920

gonna declare them safe for the the

200

00:08:07,510 --> 00:08:05,750

skies in our cities right okay yeah and

201  
00:08:09,670 --> 00:08:07,520  
then if you talk about the air man or

202  
00:08:12,370 --> 00:08:09,680  
the air woman part that import air

203  
00:08:13,930 --> 00:08:12,380  
person that implies that we have to also

204  
00:08:15,630 --> 00:08:13,940  
think about what is the role of the

205  
00:08:18,370 --> 00:08:15,640  
pilot and how do they interface with

206  
00:08:20,470 --> 00:08:18,380  
potentially new controls right like if

207  
00:08:23,560 --> 00:08:20,480  
they have different ways relying whole

208  
00:08:25,240 --> 00:08:23,570  
new trainee potentially a pool of pilots

209  
00:08:27,370 --> 00:08:25,250  
that may not have the same training that

210  
00:08:28,900 --> 00:08:27,380  
our current pilots today have so what

211  
00:08:30,820 --> 00:08:28,910  
how do they actually fly these vehicles

212  
00:08:32,710 --> 00:08:30,830  
that's also a really important question

213  
00:08:34,780 --> 00:08:32,720

that we have and then the last piece

214

00:08:36,760 --> 00:08:34,790

which i think is also really important

215

00:08:39,370 --> 00:08:36,770

is how do we integrate these vehicles in

216

00:08:40,990 --> 00:08:39,380

our airspace right it's not just one or

217

00:08:43,210 --> 00:08:41,000

two of these vehicles that may be flying

218

00:08:44,860 --> 00:08:43,220

in the future you can imagine hundreds

219

00:08:47,170 --> 00:08:44,870

or thousands of them and if that's the

220

00:08:48,940 --> 00:08:47,180

case how do we integrate them safely and

221

00:08:51,280 --> 00:08:48,950

efficiently into our air transportation

222

00:08:52,570 --> 00:08:51,290

system into our national airspace right

223

00:08:53,470 --> 00:08:52,580

an interesting part of the research

224

00:08:55,750 --> 00:08:53,480

actually if you look at those three

225

00:08:58,300 --> 00:08:55,760

buckets right the the aircraft and the

226

00:08:59,350 --> 00:08:58,310

air man or a woman and the airspace some

227

00:09:01,900 --> 00:08:59,360

of the things that are done in the

228

00:09:03,540 --> 00:09:01,910

airspace now for the current traffic may

229

00:09:05,340 --> 00:09:03,550

be better handled by one of those

230

00:09:07,380 --> 00:09:05,350

other buckets some of the things that a

231

00:09:09,269 --> 00:09:07,390

pilot takes care of now maybe can be

232

00:09:11,460 --> 00:09:09,279

better handled by the airframe itself so

233

00:09:13,199 --> 00:09:11,470

understanding these where these things

234

00:09:15,210 --> 00:09:13,209

should get handled in this new way of

235

00:09:17,340 --> 00:09:15,220

travel is an important area research as

236

00:09:20,190 --> 00:09:17,350

well yeah okay we have a good question

237

00:09:22,050 --> 00:09:20,200

here from space roars he says are we

238

00:09:24,720 --> 00:09:22,060

going to have air traffic lights is

239

00:09:27,090 --> 00:09:24,730

there going to be a direct path they

240

00:09:29,280 --> 00:09:27,100

follow mannerisms things like that that

241

00:09:30,720 --> 00:09:29,290

can help you with navigating yeah this

242

00:09:32,040 --> 00:09:30,730

actually exciting part she might as we

243

00:09:33,750 --> 00:09:32,050

talked earlier about the advances and

244

00:09:35,819 --> 00:09:33,760

vehicles that are allowing us to get to

245

00:09:38,009 --> 00:09:35,829

this point in time but actually the

246

00:09:39,120 --> 00:09:38,019

advances in airspace management are

247

00:09:40,710 --> 00:09:39,130

really important as well and these two

248

00:09:42,509 --> 00:09:40,720

things are converging so yeah there

249

00:09:44,220 --> 00:09:42,519

actually will be stoplights they'll be

250

00:09:46,650 --> 00:09:44,230

digital right they won't actually be

251

00:09:48,030 --> 00:09:46,660

floating and hovering up there yellow

252

00:09:50,250 --> 00:09:48,040

green yeah and there would be a set of

253

00:09:52,530 --> 00:09:50,260

procedures and policies and rules that

254

00:09:54,030 --> 00:09:52,540

people that are operating in this in

255

00:09:55,620 --> 00:09:54,040

this airspace would need to follow in

256

00:09:58,050 --> 00:09:55,630

order to have the whole thing still work

257

00:09:59,280 --> 00:09:58,060

safely and efficiently so figuring all

258

00:10:00,900 --> 00:09:59,290

of that out is a big area of research

259

00:10:02,970 --> 00:10:00,910

and we we do collaborate with the FAA to

260

00:10:04,980 --> 00:10:02,980

figure out what is a good path forward

261

00:10:07,560 --> 00:10:04,990

yeah yeah and you said this is about

262

00:10:08,970 --> 00:10:07,570

helping these new vehicles get into the

263

00:10:10,350 --> 00:10:08,980

National Airspace right can can you

264

00:10:12,889 --> 00:10:10,360

define for everybody what that really

265

00:10:15,840 --> 00:10:12,899

means the National Airspace System yes

266

00:10:17,670 --> 00:10:15,850

it's it's what enables us to have air

267

00:10:19,410 --> 00:10:17,680

traffic and air transport in the u.s.

268

00:10:21,480 --> 00:10:19,420

today it's a collection of everything

269

00:10:22,800 --> 00:10:21,490

that makes that happen so it's it's the

270

00:10:25,050 --> 00:10:22,810

runways you can think of the air traffic

271

00:10:26,940 --> 00:10:25,060

control towers the airports the radars

272

00:10:29,100 --> 00:10:26,950

it's actually the vehicles as well and

273

00:10:30,540 --> 00:10:29,110

the people that take care of all these

274

00:10:32,040 --> 00:10:30,550

things and actually run them day to day

275

00:10:34,110 --> 00:10:32,050

but it's also things you can't touch its

276

00:10:36,150 --> 00:10:34,120

things like rules and procedures and

277

00:10:37,350 --> 00:10:36,160

frequencies all of that stuff together

278

00:10:39,720 --> 00:10:37,360

makes up the National Airspace System

279

00:10:41,610 --> 00:10:39,730

okay so how do you introduce new things

280

00:10:43,350 --> 00:10:41,620

into that you can see it's a delicate

281

00:10:45,569 --> 00:10:43,360

dance to make sure you right don't harm

282

00:10:47,550 --> 00:10:45,579

what's working well now and enable these

283

00:10:56,840 --> 00:10:47,560

new new ways of travel you guys are the

284

00:11:00,689 --> 00:10:59,189

don't think this is a question on the

285

00:11:02,819 --> 00:11:00,699

list but I'm sure the people are asking

286

00:11:05,970 --> 00:11:02,829

themselves why does NASA work on this

287

00:11:08,370 --> 00:11:05,980

it's a good answer for that yeah I

288

00:11:10,350 --> 00:11:08,380

thought so I'll jump in you know the

289

00:11:12,150 --> 00:11:10,360

thing people forget is that first day on

290

00:11:14,910 --> 00:11:12,160

NASA stands for Aeronautics and we do a

291

00:11:16,380 --> 00:11:14,920

lot of Aeronautics research and even

292

00:11:17,460 --> 00:11:16,390

people that do remember that Aeronautics

293

00:11:19,589 --> 00:11:17,470

is part of what we do

294

00:11:21,210 --> 00:11:19,599

they may forget that air traffic

295

00:11:23,099 --> 00:11:21,220

management is actually a major part of

296

00:11:24,359 --> 00:11:23,109

Aeronautics is how do you actually allow

297

00:11:26,489 --> 00:11:24,369

these vehicles to get up in the air and

298

00:11:28,199 --> 00:11:26,499

fly around and do what they do right and

299

00:11:30,089 --> 00:11:28,209

we have a pretty good history here at

300

00:11:32,069 --> 00:11:30,099

NASA Ames and within NASA as a whole of

301

00:11:33,899 --> 00:11:32,079

doing that kind of research so it's

302

00:11:35,969 --> 00:11:33,909

really natural that this idea of this

303

00:11:37,949 --> 00:11:35,979

new airspace management concept kind of

304

00:11:39,719 --> 00:11:37,959

originated with us yeah and I would say

305

00:11:41,969 --> 00:11:39,729

we're we're also been collaborating with

306

00:11:44,129 --> 00:11:41,979

the FAA for a number of years so as our

307

00:11:46,319 --> 00:11:44,139

research has been developing we've been

308

00:11:47,849 --> 00:11:46,329

collaborating with the FAA to transfer

309

00:11:49,559 --> 00:11:47,859

technologies and new research

310

00:11:51,089 --> 00:11:49,569

capabilities to really make our airspace

311

00:11:53,159 --> 00:11:51,099

much more efficient our air traffic

312

00:11:55,019 --> 00:11:53,169

management really improve efficiencies

313

00:11:57,199 --> 00:11:55,029

as much as we can mm-hmm yeah I know you

314

00:11:59,519 --> 00:11:57,209

guys work closely and I know that our

315

00:12:02,159 --> 00:11:59,529

Aeronautics research goes way way back

316

00:12:04,019 --> 00:12:02,169

here at names we act at the center here

317

00:12:07,109 --> 00:12:04,029

in this research center we started as an

318

00:12:11,489 --> 00:12:07,119

Aeronautics lab right in 1939

319

00:12:21,539 --> 00:12:11,499

December 20th 1939 which makes tomorrow

320

00:12:23,549 --> 00:12:21,549

our birthday so we're glad you could be

321

00:12:25,710 --> 00:12:23,559

here and help us celebrate yeah so do

322

00:12:27,389 --> 00:12:25,720

you have any favorite fun facts about

323

00:12:29,309 --> 00:12:27,399

that air traffic management research

324

00:12:30,389 --> 00:12:29,319

that's so important that we do here yeah

325

00:12:36,809 --> 00:12:30,399

all right first well I was told there

326

00:12:38,340 --> 00:12:36,819

would be cake yeah we've research in air

327

00:12:40,199 --> 00:12:38,350

traffic management and you know a lot of

328

00:12:41,279 --> 00:12:40,209

the tools are behind the scenes there

329

00:12:43,169 --> 00:12:41,289

are things that people won't see every

330

00:12:45,569 --> 00:12:43,179

day I bet yeah but there are the kind of

331

00:12:46,859 --> 00:12:45,579

things that save people 5 minutes here

332

00:12:49,590 --> 00:12:46,869

10 minutes they're on their way to

333

00:12:51,359 --> 00:12:49,600

somewhere right everyone has landed at

334

00:12:52,739 --> 00:12:51,369

an airport and it's kind of waited to

335

00:12:54,479 --> 00:12:52,749

get a gate right how do you optimize

336

00:12:57,179 --> 00:12:54,489

that and make people get to their gate

337

00:12:59,249 --> 00:12:57,189

faster how do you let people route

338

00:13:01,349 --> 00:12:59,259

around bad weather quickly and

339

00:13:02,879 --> 00:13:01,359

efficiently and save 5 minutes and a

340

00:13:04,919 --> 00:13:02,889

smoother ride to get to where you're

341

00:13:07,049 --> 00:13:04,929

going and these are time savings for us

342

00:13:08,909 --> 00:13:07,059

as passengers but that translates also

343

00:13:10,499 --> 00:13:08,919

to money savings for the airlines right

344

00:13:11,759 --> 00:13:10,509

and these things add a 5 minutes here 10

345

00:13:13,769 --> 00:13:11,769

minutes there over the course of a year

346

00:13:15,119 --> 00:13:13,779

over cross all the airlines right these

347

00:13:16,349 --> 00:13:15,129

savings really add up and these are the

348

00:13:18,629 --> 00:13:16,359

things that a lot of the things that

349

00:13:21,119 --> 00:13:18,639

we've we've originated research here at

350

00:13:22,949 --> 00:13:21,129

NASA is awesome and I think some of

351  
00:13:24,629 --> 00:13:22,959  
these efficiencies have come from flying

352  
00:13:26,429 --> 00:13:24,639  
in the air some of them actually have

353  
00:13:28,679 --> 00:13:26,439  
come from trying to make the surface

354  
00:13:30,689 --> 00:13:28,689  
operations much more efficient and so

355  
00:13:31,570 --> 00:13:30,699  
really like Joey was saying it's it's

356  
00:13:33,310 --> 00:13:31,580  
all about time

357  
00:13:35,800 --> 00:13:33,320  
that's our most valuable commodity and

358  
00:13:37,750 --> 00:13:35,810  
so how do we how do we save our time and

359  
00:13:40,060 --> 00:13:37,760  
that's where we develop algorithms tools

360  
00:13:42,940 --> 00:13:40,070  
work really closely with air traffic

361  
00:13:45,190 --> 00:13:42,950  
controllers to give them tools to make

362  
00:13:46,810 --> 00:13:45,200  
their jobs easier and so that's

363  
00:13:48,820 --> 00:13:46,820

something that we've been doing research

364

00:13:50,950 --> 00:13:48,830

on fundamentally for the last 30 years

365

00:13:52,240 --> 00:13:50,960

so yeah yeah that's going back it's not

366

00:13:54,490 --> 00:13:52,250

just research it's transferring it to

367

00:13:56,080 --> 00:13:54,500

the FAA you make them real yeah right

368

00:13:57,550 --> 00:13:56,090

right right they actually put it into

369

00:13:59,230 --> 00:13:57,560

use right yeah right yeah there's some

370

00:14:01,060 --> 00:13:59,240

tools in our air traffic control towers

371

00:14:02,860 --> 00:14:01,070

almost every air traffic control tower

372

00:14:05,710 --> 00:14:02,870

today has some technology that we have

373

00:14:07,810 --> 00:14:05,720

worked on in here at NASA I don't think

374

00:14:10,660 --> 00:14:07,820

people know that we have a question here

375

00:14:12,790 --> 00:14:10,670

from just me and my laptop what part of

376

00:14:17,290 --> 00:14:12,800

the traffic or air traffic management do

377

00:14:19,600 --> 00:14:17,300

you see controlled autonomously I think

378

00:14:21,340 --> 00:14:19,610

if if we think about how many of these

379

00:14:23,560 --> 00:14:21,350

operations that are going to be in the

380

00:14:24,910 --> 00:14:23,570

future of people people's minds you know

381

00:14:27,550 --> 00:14:24,920

race a little bit and you think about

382

00:14:29,620 --> 00:14:27,560

how how much how many new flights there

383

00:14:31,480 --> 00:14:29,630

will be the current system isn't set up

384

00:14:33,520 --> 00:14:31,490

to handle that many more flights that

385

00:14:35,050 --> 00:14:33,530

quickly so actually a lot of the

386

00:14:37,390 --> 00:14:35,060

functions to enable these new entrants

387

00:14:39,130 --> 00:14:37,400

are going to need to be automated as

388

00:14:41,110 --> 00:14:39,140

well as some of the processes on the

389

00:14:43,600 --> 00:14:41,120

existing side in order for them to know

390

00:14:45,310 --> 00:14:43,610

how to integrate and manage this new

391

00:14:47,170 --> 00:14:45,320

traffic as well but we're not going to

392

00:14:48,700 --> 00:14:47,180

have enough controllers that can talk to

393

00:14:50,230 --> 00:14:48,710

all of these aircraft to do all of these

394

00:14:52,060 --> 00:14:50,240

things all the time like they do with

395

00:14:52,900 --> 00:14:52,070

the aircraft today yeah so a lot of

396

00:14:54,040 --> 00:14:52,910

those functions are going to be

397

00:14:57,180 --> 00:14:54,050

automated so there will be a lot of

398

00:15:00,010 --> 00:14:57,190

automation to enable this to happen

399

00:15:01,750 --> 00:15:00,020

do I take any more oh yeah I mean

400

00:15:03,040 --> 00:15:01,760

there's there's plenty the chat is

401

00:15:06,790 --> 00:15:03,050

really blowing up people are very

402

00:15:08,650 --> 00:15:06,800

interested in this topic there's some

403

00:15:11,710 --> 00:15:08,660

some questions about you know how do you

404

00:15:13,660 --> 00:15:11,720

be so Hobbs 5-5-5 says how do you

405

00:15:16,510 --> 00:15:13,670

prevent midair collisions with air

406

00:15:18,310 --> 00:15:16,520

traffic yeah we're with air taxis yeah

407

00:15:20,350 --> 00:15:18,320

so like Joey was mentioning there's

408

00:15:22,360 --> 00:15:20,360

going to be new automation that's going

409

00:15:25,030 --> 00:15:22,370

to come on board the vehicle potentially

410

00:15:27,190 --> 00:15:25,040

as well as tools for air traffic

411

00:15:28,750 --> 00:15:27,200

management services so what are the

412

00:15:30,940 --> 00:15:28,760

intersection of tools that are onboard

413

00:15:33,220 --> 00:15:30,950

the vehicle as well as services that

414

00:15:35,410 --> 00:15:33,230  
might be provided provided from

415

00:15:37,030 --> 00:15:35,420  
potentially air traffic controllers or

416

00:15:38,620 --> 00:15:37,040  
other entities and that's kind of what

417

00:15:40,620 --> 00:15:38,630  
we're investigating and then where does

418

00:15:43,900 --> 00:15:40,630  
automation help ensure that we reduce

419

00:15:45,340 --> 00:15:43,910  
any issues in terms of safety impact so

420

00:15:46,870 --> 00:15:45,350  
safety is kind of

421

00:15:49,690 --> 00:15:46,880  
one goal how do you ensure safe

422

00:15:51,310 --> 00:15:49,700  
operations yeah it's kind of the tools

423

00:15:52,960 --> 00:15:51,320  
we developed they look at a few

424

00:15:53,770 --> 00:15:52,970  
different layers right of how you make

425

00:15:55,900 --> 00:15:53,780  
this have the air traffic management

426

00:15:57,580 --> 00:15:55,910

layer there's usually a strategic look

427

00:15:59,530 --> 00:15:57,590

ahead like how do we not put too many

428

00:16:01,660 --> 00:15:59,540

vehicles in one spot oh yeah it's really

429

00:16:03,190 --> 00:16:01,670

hard for them to avoid each other it's

430

00:16:04,600 --> 00:16:03,200

logically you kind of keep them apart

431

00:16:06,100 --> 00:16:04,610

through this ground automation and

432

00:16:07,450 --> 00:16:06,110

having them share what they're gonna do

433

00:16:09,220 --> 00:16:07,460

with each other

434

00:16:10,660 --> 00:16:09,230

but then more tactically a lot of

435

00:16:12,460 --> 00:16:10,670

onboard capabilities may be important to

436

00:16:14,110 --> 00:16:12,470

keep them separated yeah great

437

00:16:15,850 --> 00:16:14,120

so all these tools that you guys are

438

00:16:18,820 --> 00:16:15,860

talking about a lot of that work is done

439

00:16:20,620 --> 00:16:18,830

at aims here but also in all other NASA

440

00:16:21,970 --> 00:16:20,630

centers across the country right so you

441

00:16:22,600 --> 00:16:21,980

guys have a lot of partners yeah

442

00:16:25,930 --> 00:16:22,610

definitely

443

00:16:28,030 --> 00:16:25,940

so NASA Armstrong NASA Langley Glen

444

00:16:29,170 --> 00:16:28,040

almost all the NASA centers that are

445

00:16:30,940 --> 00:16:29,180

focused on aeronautics aren't

446

00:16:32,500 --> 00:16:30,950

contributing to making urban air

447

00:16:34,420 --> 00:16:32,510

mobility a reality oh this is pretty

448

00:16:36,100 --> 00:16:34,430

exciting yeah yeah a big collaborative

449

00:16:38,860 --> 00:16:36,110

effort yeah the window when did all this

450

00:16:40,720 --> 00:16:38,870

begin for urban air mobility and what's

451  
00:16:43,840 --> 00:16:40,730  
going on today yeah work is happening

452  
00:16:45,460 --> 00:16:43,850  
now so one of the areas of where this

453  
00:16:47,410 --> 00:16:45,470  
kind of first started in terms of NASA

454  
00:16:52,030 --> 00:16:47,420  
involvement is what we call the Grand

455  
00:16:54,910 --> 00:16:52,040  
Challenge franchise the Grand Challenge

456  
00:16:57,130 --> 00:16:54,920  
is an activity in which we are working

457  
00:16:59,350 --> 00:16:57,140  
collaboratively with the FAA as well as

458  
00:17:01,330 --> 00:16:59,360  
industry partners both vehicle industry

459  
00:17:03,910 --> 00:17:01,340  
partners and airspace industry partners

460  
00:17:06,010 --> 00:17:03,920  
okay to kind of develop an ecosystem so

461  
00:17:08,290 --> 00:17:06,020  
we can really begin testing out some of

462  
00:17:10,330 --> 00:17:08,300  
these concepts what does it mean to fly

463  
00:17:11,560 --> 00:17:10,340

a vehicle what kind of data do we need

464

00:17:13,450 --> 00:17:11,570

to collect to help with the

465

00:17:15,550 --> 00:17:13,460

certification process understand the

466

00:17:18,010 --> 00:17:15,560

performance of these vehicles and then

467

00:17:20,080 --> 00:17:18,020

also start understanding what does it

468

00:17:21,580 --> 00:17:20,090

mean what kind of tools and technologies

469

00:17:23,590 --> 00:17:21,590

with huns software do we need to build

470

00:17:25,480 --> 00:17:23,600

to actually have some sort of air

471

00:17:27,880 --> 00:17:25,490

traffic management system for these

472

00:17:30,400 --> 00:17:27,890

vehicles as as many of them start coming

473

00:17:32,500 --> 00:17:30,410

up and becoming a reality so the Grand

474

00:17:34,600 --> 00:17:32,510

Challenge is a series of flight

475

00:17:36,730 --> 00:17:34,610

demonstrations and simulation activities

476

00:17:40,120 --> 00:17:36,740

we're where we really hope to explore

477

00:17:41,620 --> 00:17:40,130

all the safety cases as well as collect

478

00:17:43,840 --> 00:17:41,630

data to help us move the industry

479

00:17:45,850 --> 00:17:43,850

forward yeah make sense you get as many

480

00:17:47,560 --> 00:17:45,860

minds as possible thinking about it

481

00:17:49,330 --> 00:17:47,570

predicting what you have to work out now

482

00:17:50,710 --> 00:17:49,340

right and doing the work yeah yeah

483

00:17:52,530 --> 00:17:50,720

definitely it's definitely a very

484

00:17:56,670 --> 00:17:52,540

collaborative effort awesome

485

00:17:58,650 --> 00:17:56,680

great legit twitch channel asks where

486

00:18:00,990 --> 00:17:58,660

they be miniature airports for places to

487

00:18:03,120 --> 00:18:01,000

pick up and drop off that'd be cool

488

00:18:05,130 --> 00:18:03,130

yeah so some of the concepts that are

489

00:18:06,330 --> 00:18:05,140

coming up in terms of infrastructure

490

00:18:09,120 --> 00:18:06,340

which is actually a really important

491

00:18:11,850 --> 00:18:09,130

concept is a concept of vert apart to

492

00:18:13,620 --> 00:18:11,860

vert apat or Skyport sky paths however

493

00:18:15,570 --> 00:18:13,630

you wish to call it but you can kind of

494

00:18:17,340 --> 00:18:15,580

imagine like a helicopter pack right you

495

00:18:19,290 --> 00:18:17,350

know kitties could be on the ground or

496

00:18:21,720 --> 00:18:19,300

on actually the the top of a building

497

00:18:23,250 --> 00:18:21,730

right and so these could be locations

498

00:18:24,900 --> 00:18:23,260

where these aircraft could take off

499

00:18:27,000 --> 00:18:24,910

because remember they can take off

500

00:18:28,800 --> 00:18:27,010

vertically and land vertically so they

501  
00:18:30,780 --> 00:18:28,810  
don't need a runway yeah they don't need

502  
00:18:33,000 --> 00:18:30,790  
a runway like a normal aircraft today so

503  
00:18:36,660 --> 00:18:33,010  
that was what's gonna allow operations

504  
00:18:38,940 --> 00:18:36,670  
in an urban center right yeah is this

505  
00:18:41,760 --> 00:18:38,950  
gonna mean the end of traditional flight

506  
00:18:43,680 --> 00:18:41,770  
or is this really just complementary to

507  
00:18:46,650 --> 00:18:43,690  
everything we use today yeah it's

508  
00:18:48,480 --> 00:18:46,660  
definitely not an end to the current day

509  
00:18:49,320 --> 00:18:48,490  
aviation okay in fact you can think of

510  
00:18:50,940 --> 00:18:49,330  
it as a compliment

511  
00:18:54,270 --> 00:18:50,950  
to help you actually use current day

512  
00:18:56,640 --> 00:18:54,280  
aviation even more right so one can

513  
00:18:59,070 --> 00:18:56,650

imagine that you might want to get from

514

00:19:00,660 --> 00:18:59,080

wherever you're located a suburb to your

515

00:19:02,670 --> 00:19:00,670

nearest airport and normally we would

516

00:19:04,560 --> 00:19:02,680

have to sit in traffic drive maybe half

517

00:19:06,600 --> 00:19:04,570

an hour or 40 minutes to get there who

518

00:19:08,670 --> 00:19:06,610

knows so depending on where you're

519

00:19:11,250 --> 00:19:08,680

located now what if you can take one of

520

00:19:13,140 --> 00:19:11,260

these air taxis or air shuttles to get

521

00:19:16,320 --> 00:19:13,150

to your airport now it's actually much

522

00:19:18,740 --> 00:19:16,330

easier to use a commercial aviation like

523

00:19:21,750 --> 00:19:18,750

we do today so these are just another

524

00:19:24,390 --> 00:19:21,760

form of transportation to help us use

525

00:19:26,910 --> 00:19:24,400

current day aviation yeah and about air

526

00:19:29,190 --> 00:19:26,920

taxis or air shuttles yeah you just kind

527

00:19:30,840 --> 00:19:29,200

of made it a distinction there do you

528

00:19:33,180 --> 00:19:30,850

think that these are gonna be taxis that

529

00:19:35,730 --> 00:19:33,190

I call up and I say I personally want to

530

00:19:37,860 --> 00:19:35,740

go to my specific friend's house or is

531

00:19:40,950 --> 00:19:37,870

it gonna be like a subway or a city bus

532

00:19:42,780 --> 00:19:40,960

that has a route so most likely as this

533

00:19:44,700 --> 00:19:42,790

industry develops initially you'll

534

00:19:47,010 --> 00:19:44,710

probably more be more like a air shuttle

535

00:19:48,570 --> 00:19:47,020

or an air Metro where you have a series

536

00:19:51,540 --> 00:19:48,580

of designated locations where you have

537

00:19:53,550 --> 00:19:51,550

pickups and drop-offs and at scheduled

538

00:19:55,740 --> 00:19:53,560

times okay that's mostly to help us

539

00:19:57,240 --> 00:19:55,750

understand what are the feasibility in

540

00:19:59,490 --> 00:19:57,250

the beginnings yeah of this type of

541

00:20:01,650 --> 00:19:59,500

Transportation but on-demand air

542

00:20:03,540 --> 00:20:01,660

mobility is something that industry as

543

00:20:05,400 --> 00:20:03,550

well as we are researching and

544

00:20:07,110 --> 00:20:05,410

investigating of how to enable it

545

00:20:09,450 --> 00:20:07,120

so we're actually looking at both how do

546

00:20:11,430 --> 00:20:09,460

we have a arrow Metro or air shuttle as

547

00:20:14,190 --> 00:20:11,440

well as on-demand urban air mobility

548

00:20:16,830 --> 00:20:14,200

okay yeah stay tuned pretty cool right

549

00:20:19,200 --> 00:20:16,840

yeah we have a question here from again

550

00:20:21,450 --> 00:20:19,210

from space warmers what elevation will

551  
00:20:23,040 --> 00:20:21,460  
they be flying at what if you're you're

552  
00:20:26,520 --> 00:20:23,050  
in the city do be weave through

553  
00:20:29,130 --> 00:20:26,530  
skyscrapers yeah good question good

554  
00:20:31,470 --> 00:20:29,140  
question so picture here so since these

555  
00:20:33,150 --> 00:20:31,480  
vehicles have kind of a wide range of

556  
00:20:35,040 --> 00:20:33,160  
configurations they have different

557  
00:20:37,140 --> 00:20:35,050  
cruising altitudes that they would fly

558  
00:20:39,060 --> 00:20:37,150  
at you can expect though a range of

559  
00:20:41,730 --> 00:20:39,070  
typically from some arts like a thousand

560  
00:20:43,740 --> 00:20:41,740  
to 4,000 feet is average that typical

561  
00:20:45,300 --> 00:20:43,750  
range of these of these vehicles of the

562  
00:20:47,760 --> 00:20:45,310  
urban air mobility vehicles that are a

563  
00:20:49,410 --> 00:20:47,770

little bit larger than remember then

564

00:20:52,230 --> 00:20:49,420

some of the drones that have been flying

565

00:20:53,790 --> 00:20:52,240

below 400 feet and then they are also

566

00:20:55,230 --> 00:20:53,800

kind of smaller than your traditional

567

00:20:56,910 --> 00:20:55,240

aircraft because they only have about

568

00:20:58,170 --> 00:20:56,920

four to eight passengers typically okay

569

00:21:00,240 --> 00:20:58,180

so that's the altitude they would be

570

00:21:03,540 --> 00:21:00,250

flying at terms of weaving between

571

00:21:06,090 --> 00:21:03,550

skyscrapers we're looking at procedures

572

00:21:07,020 --> 00:21:06,100

as well as ways for these aircraft to

573

00:21:08,580 --> 00:21:07,030

fly safely

574

00:21:10,050 --> 00:21:08,590

um and that includes safety of the

575

00:21:11,520 --> 00:21:10,060

passengers on board as well as the

576  
00:21:14,490 --> 00:21:11,530  
safety of the people on the ground right

577  
00:21:17,250 --> 00:21:14,500  
of course I see a question here further

578  
00:21:19,170 --> 00:21:17,260  
for the both of you seriously gaming as

579  
00:21:21,600 --> 00:21:19,180  
what are Siobhan's Li and Joey's

580  
00:21:23,340 --> 00:21:21,610  
thoughts on noise pollution from these

581  
00:21:26,010 --> 00:21:23,350  
and what are their thoughts on potential

582  
00:21:28,200 --> 00:21:26,020  
objects falling to earth yeah that part

583  
00:21:30,840 --> 00:21:28,210  
definitely want to avoid the objects

584  
00:21:32,460 --> 00:21:30,850  
falling to earth and in general noise

585  
00:21:34,320 --> 00:21:32,470  
pollution speaks to a larger issue of

586  
00:21:35,700 --> 00:21:34,330  
kind of public acceptance of these kind

587  
00:21:37,200 --> 00:21:35,710  
of operations mm-hmm

588  
00:21:39,150 --> 00:21:37,210

so we can solve a lot of technological

589

00:21:40,770 --> 00:21:39,160

problems and make sure things stay safe

590

00:21:42,840 --> 00:21:40,780

and efficient in the air space but if

591

00:21:44,220 --> 00:21:42,850

the public's not ready to accept these

592

00:21:45,750 --> 00:21:44,230

kind of operations for whatever reason

593

00:21:49,350 --> 00:21:45,760

whether its environmental including

594

00:21:51,810 --> 00:21:49,360

noise or something else then this won't

595

00:21:52,950 --> 00:21:51,820

ever take off so to speak right so part

596

00:21:55,380 --> 00:21:52,960

of the research when we do our testing

597

00:21:56,550 --> 00:21:55,390

is actually making sure we're starting

598

00:21:58,290 --> 00:21:56,560

to ask some of those questions and

599

00:22:00,180 --> 00:21:58,300

collect some initial data on public

600

00:22:01,560 --> 00:22:00,190

acceptance so that we can feed some of

601  
00:22:03,480 --> 00:22:01,570  
those conversations to see what kind of

602  
00:22:05,250 --> 00:22:03,490  
barriers might be there yeah it's a kind

603  
00:22:07,470 --> 00:22:05,260  
of that public acceptance question yeah

604  
00:22:09,270 --> 00:22:07,480  
so noise is an issue and I think you'll

605  
00:22:10,830 --> 00:22:09,280  
see a lot of the manufacturers of these

606  
00:22:12,390 --> 00:22:10,840  
vehicles designers of these vehicles and

607  
00:22:13,860 --> 00:22:12,400  
of the airspace procedures are kind of

608  
00:22:15,870 --> 00:22:13,870  
cognizant of that if they want to be

609  
00:22:18,810 --> 00:22:15,880  
aware of trying to minimize the impact

610  
00:22:20,610 --> 00:22:18,820  
or acceptability of these operations so

611  
00:22:21,840 --> 00:22:20,620  
it is something that is considered in

612  
00:22:26,460 --> 00:22:21,850  
the design of all the pieces of the

613  
00:22:31,500 --> 00:22:26,470

system right right good to hear what's

614

00:22:37,800 --> 00:22:34,140

Hobie's 555 would there be weather

615

00:22:39,990 --> 00:22:37,810

restrictions on air taxis yeah so just

616

00:22:42,390 --> 00:22:40,000

like today in commercial aviation today

617

00:22:45,510 --> 00:22:42,400

weather plays a big role and how how

618

00:22:48,030 --> 00:22:45,520

aviation you know goes on today and

619

00:22:49,470 --> 00:22:48,040

similarly it will play a role for these

620

00:22:51,540 --> 00:22:49,480

new vehicles for these urban air

621

00:22:53,150 --> 00:22:51,550

mobility vehicles one of the things that

622

00:22:55,200 --> 00:22:53,160

we're trying to understand is when we

623

00:22:56,850 --> 00:22:55,210

perform tests as part of the Grand

624

00:22:58,800 --> 00:22:56,860

Challenges understand what is your

625

00:23:01,320 --> 00:22:58,810

performance when can you fly at what

626

00:23:02,940 --> 00:23:01,330

gusts of winds are there limitations on

627

00:23:03,960 --> 00:23:02,950

your performance and then those are some

628

00:23:05,700 --> 00:23:03,970

of the things that we're really trying

629

00:23:07,650 --> 00:23:05,710

to investigate so we can answer that

630

00:23:09,660 --> 00:23:07,660

question in a better fashion once we

631

00:23:12,540 --> 00:23:09,670

have data on how these vehicles actually

632

00:23:14,160 --> 00:23:12,550

perform under different wind under

633

00:23:15,840 --> 00:23:14,170

different wind wind levels as well as

634

00:23:19,820 --> 00:23:15,850

different types of precipitation yeah

635

00:23:22,470 --> 00:23:19,830

okay it's a really specific stuff yeah

636

00:23:23,670 --> 00:23:22,480

yeah really interesting kind of related

637

00:23:24,690 --> 00:23:23,680

to that is you know understand the

638

00:23:26,880 --> 00:23:24,700

performance of the vehicle so that it

639

00:23:28,470 --> 00:23:26,890

knows what it can handle situations can

640

00:23:30,450 --> 00:23:28,480

handle but then actually on the weather

641

00:23:32,490 --> 00:23:30,460

side actually doing the research to make

642

00:23:34,380 --> 00:23:32,500

sure that that informations available to

643

00:23:36,090 --> 00:23:34,390

those operators okay whether we use

644

00:23:38,220 --> 00:23:36,100

today for Aviation's really focus around

645

00:23:39,930 --> 00:23:38,230

airports and the in route environment

646

00:23:41,760 --> 00:23:39,940

and you know there's some specialized

647

00:23:43,170 --> 00:23:41,770

stuff for helicopters and cities but

648

00:23:44,340 --> 00:23:43,180

that all needs to scale up quite a bit

649

00:23:46,080 --> 00:23:44,350

in order to provide the right

650

00:23:48,000 --> 00:23:46,090

information to operators so that they

651  
00:23:49,800 --> 00:23:48,010  
can fly safely given the performance

652  
00:23:51,030 --> 00:23:49,810  
characteristics of their vehicle yeah so

653  
00:23:53,340 --> 00:23:51,040  
a lot of cities aren't outfitted for

654  
00:23:55,260 --> 00:23:53,350  
that level of granularity of weather all

655  
00:23:57,390 --> 00:23:55,270  
right so how do you get those weather

656  
00:23:58,680 --> 00:23:57,400  
services and other requirements develop

657  
00:24:01,200 --> 00:23:58,690  
so that you can actually enable these

658  
00:24:03,120 --> 00:24:01,210  
operations safely so that's a larger of

659  
00:24:05,070 --> 00:24:03,130  
research that we poke into and we also

660  
00:24:07,800 --> 00:24:05,080  
try and encourage industry and

661  
00:24:09,900 --> 00:24:07,810  
universities and other folks to come

662  
00:24:11,370 --> 00:24:09,910  
along with us on that research yeah kind

663  
00:24:12,720 --> 00:24:11,380

of along those lines that whether it's

664

00:24:15,600 --> 00:24:12,730

actually very interesting in an urban

665

00:24:18,300 --> 00:24:15,610

center right yeah so as you have wind

666

00:24:19,650 --> 00:24:18,310

flow between buildings as you have kind

667

00:24:21,840 --> 00:24:19,660

of different types of Eddie's kind of

668

00:24:23,880 --> 00:24:21,850

put round off of building to building

669

00:24:25,440 --> 00:24:23,890

surfaces you have interesting effects

670

00:24:27,630 --> 00:24:25,450

that can occur and so that's really

671

00:24:29,730 --> 00:24:27,640

important for us to have some knowledge

672

00:24:31,289 --> 00:24:29,740

about and understand such that we can

673

00:24:32,970 --> 00:24:31,299

have safe safe

674

00:24:34,739 --> 00:24:32,980

these vehicles so that's actually a

675

00:24:36,479 --> 00:24:34,749

really big part which I was referring to

676

00:24:37,649 --> 00:24:36,489

you can imagine I felt that in cities

677

00:24:40,639 --> 00:24:37,659

right yeah of course

678

00:24:42,869 --> 00:24:40,649

walking between two skyscrapers yeah and

679

00:24:45,289 --> 00:24:42,879

yeah it's so good to know you're

680

00:24:48,869 --> 00:24:45,299

thinking about it

681

00:24:50,609 --> 00:24:48,879

let's see what other questions we got we

682

00:24:55,379 --> 00:24:50,619

one day see a return of airships or

683

00:24:57,239 --> 00:24:55,389

Zeppelin's ghosts of ETS who knows yeah

684

00:24:58,739 --> 00:24:57,249

so I you know airships the dirigibles

685

00:25:01,200 --> 00:24:58,749

have been have been around for quite

686

00:25:03,419 --> 00:25:01,210

some time and have been used you know

687

00:25:06,779 --> 00:25:03,429

obviously in the past and now we see the

688

00:25:09,090 --> 00:25:06,789

Goodyear blimp once in a while right so

689

00:25:11,129 --> 00:25:09,100

you know airships do have some some

690

00:25:13,440 --> 00:25:11,139

purpose and due off our use for some

691

00:25:15,330 --> 00:25:13,450

some use cases but how they're going to

692

00:25:16,710 --> 00:25:15,340

be integrated in airspace it's a similar

693

00:25:18,659 --> 00:25:16,720

question just like a lot of these new

694

00:25:19,830 --> 00:25:18,669

entrants how do how was your performance

695

00:25:21,810 --> 00:25:19,840

like what's your performance

696

00:25:23,369 --> 00:25:21,820

characteristics based on that how do we

697

00:25:25,470 --> 00:25:23,379

integrate you safely into our airspace

698

00:25:27,479 --> 00:25:25,480

so the same types of questions apply

699

00:25:29,430 --> 00:25:27,489

regardless of what what type of vehicle

700

00:25:30,599 --> 00:25:29,440

you may be yeah yeah but the vehicles

701  
00:25:41,940 --> 00:25:30,609  
you guys are talking about are much more

702  
00:25:43,529 --> 00:25:41,950  
smaller for a trek petrol one do you

703  
00:25:47,279 --> 00:25:43,539  
have any idea how much energy it takes

704  
00:25:48,960 --> 00:25:47,289  
to vertically lift the passengers gave a

705  
00:25:52,229 --> 00:25:48,970  
number of eight passengers but just in

706  
00:25:54,899 --> 00:25:52,239  
general yeah so typically what you what

707  
00:25:58,169 --> 00:25:54,909  
is desired is you want to have vertical

708  
00:26:00,479 --> 00:25:58,179  
lift up above 50 feet and such that you

709  
00:26:01,080 --> 00:26:00,489  
are climbing at a rate of about 100 feet

710  
00:26:03,570 --> 00:26:01,090  
per minute

711  
00:26:05,279 --> 00:26:03,580  
so the energy that's required obviously

712  
00:26:07,289 --> 00:26:05,289  
depends on the weight of that individual

713  
00:26:09,599 --> 00:26:07,299

airframe plus the number of passengers

714

00:26:10,859 --> 00:26:09,609

or cargo that you might have onboard so

715

00:26:12,659 --> 00:26:10,869

I would say it actually does vary

716

00:26:14,700 --> 00:26:12,669

depending on your configuration of your

717

00:26:16,529 --> 00:26:14,710

vehicle mm-hmm but what is neat is the

718

00:26:18,479 --> 00:26:16,539

fact that there's been quite a bit of

719

00:26:20,879 --> 00:26:18,489

development and distributed electrical

720

00:26:22,979 --> 00:26:20,889

propulsion which means you can use these

721

00:26:25,019 --> 00:26:22,989

electrically powered rotors have them

722

00:26:27,090 --> 00:26:25,029

distributed across the airframe such

723

00:26:30,060 --> 00:26:27,100

that it's actually much easier to to

724

00:26:31,889 --> 00:26:30,070

provide it for further math that's a new

725

00:26:33,930 --> 00:26:31,899

technology so in that in that vehicle

726

00:26:37,379 --> 00:26:33,940

concepts right had the rotors along the

727

00:26:38,580 --> 00:26:37,389

wings yeah cool and the airframe when

728

00:26:40,320 --> 00:26:38,590

you guys say that that means this like

729

00:26:42,210 --> 00:26:40,330

the structure of the aircraft correct

730

00:26:43,980 --> 00:26:42,220

just how that aircraft is configured

731

00:26:46,379 --> 00:26:43,990

does it have two rotors four rotors that

732

00:26:48,720 --> 00:26:46,389

wing what does it look like yeah yeah

733

00:26:51,779 --> 00:26:48,730

yeah okay cool we probably have time for

734

00:26:54,690 --> 00:26:51,789

a few more questions yeah we have a

735

00:26:56,999 --> 00:26:54,700

question here from decked the werewolf

736

00:26:59,820 --> 00:26:57,009

what Pera densities would be required to

737

00:27:02,730 --> 00:26:59,830

make long-range high-capacity flight

738

00:27:06,029 --> 00:27:02,740

possible using battery power hmm yeah

739

00:27:08,129 --> 00:27:06,039

power is a big issue yeah yeah so the

740

00:27:10,200 --> 00:27:08,139

manner in which battery technology is

741

00:27:11,909 --> 00:27:10,210

developing is is something that industry

742

00:27:13,649 --> 00:27:11,919

is really moving forward with things

743

00:27:16,320 --> 00:27:13,659

that they're concerned about is their

744

00:27:18,509 --> 00:27:16,330

charge and discharge rates and then also

745

00:27:20,519 --> 00:27:18,519

how quickly can you recharge because

746

00:27:22,169 --> 00:27:20,529

your your actual battery on boards but

747

00:27:25,739 --> 00:27:22,179

you can fly another mission or go on

748

00:27:28,619 --> 00:27:25,749

another trip right and so there is quite

749

00:27:29,999 --> 00:27:28,629

a range of energy density that's

750

00:27:31,470 --> 00:27:30,009

required again depending on your

751  
00:27:32,549 --> 00:27:31,480  
configuration right depending on your

752  
00:27:35,129 --> 00:27:32,559  
mission profile

753  
00:27:37,049 --> 00:27:35,139  
am i flying 50 miles or am i flying 40

754  
00:27:39,239 --> 00:27:37,059  
miles right so depending on the mission

755  
00:27:41,599 --> 00:27:39,249  
you wish to achieve you do see a kind of

756  
00:27:44,129 --> 00:27:41,609  
a range in terms of the battery or power

757  
00:27:45,690 --> 00:27:44,139  
requirements for that vehicle and just

758  
00:27:48,330 --> 00:27:45,700  
bring it back to the question of the

759  
00:27:50,700 --> 00:27:48,340  
vertebrates kind of designing the system

760  
00:27:52,950 --> 00:27:50,710  
and the power requirements you know you

761  
00:27:54,659 --> 00:27:52,960  
you may want your vertebrates close to a

762  
00:27:55,999 --> 00:27:54,669  
substation that can supply the right

763  
00:27:57,989 --> 00:27:56,009

amount of power to recharge you quickly

764

00:28:01,440 --> 00:27:57,999

so all of these things are definitely

765

00:28:03,269 --> 00:28:01,450

interrelated yeah you you sort of

766

00:28:05,339 --> 00:28:03,279

touched on this already but maybe to sum

767

00:28:07,019 --> 00:28:05,349

it up for Fergus Diggins can you comment

768

00:28:08,399 --> 00:28:07,029

about the possible infrastructure that

769

00:28:10,589 --> 00:28:08,409

might be needed for the shorter range

770

00:28:12,779 --> 00:28:10,599

trips will use existing airports or

771

00:28:14,609 --> 00:28:12,789

combination of existing and new you talk

772

00:28:18,839 --> 00:28:14,619

about rooftops but like how did you sum

773

00:28:20,220 --> 00:28:18,849

that up yeah I think that if we're

774

00:28:21,720 --> 00:28:20,230

talking about a new mode of

775

00:28:22,889 --> 00:28:21,730

transportation with new use cases

776

00:28:24,839 --> 00:28:22,899

there's probably going to be new

777

00:28:26,729 --> 00:28:24,849

infrastructure needed and that's when we

778

00:28:28,619 --> 00:28:26,739

talk about these verda ports and and

779

00:28:30,720 --> 00:28:28,629

charging stations and and all of these

780

00:28:32,549 --> 00:28:30,730

these things that don't exist as well as

781

00:28:34,049 --> 00:28:32,559

things like surveillance as well as

782

00:28:35,879 --> 00:28:34,059

weather monitoring we talked about

783

00:28:39,029 --> 00:28:35,889

earlier surveillance like keeping an eye

784

00:28:42,180 --> 00:28:39,039

on on those like knowing where the

785

00:28:43,619 --> 00:28:42,190

vehicles are yeah right not so much how

786

00:28:44,880 --> 00:28:43,629

they get used but yeah just where the

787

00:28:46,440 --> 00:28:44,890

vehicles are right now I know freak

788

00:28:48,540 --> 00:28:46,450

radars and they can see all the bigger

789

00:28:50,040 --> 00:28:48,550

airplanes in the sky keep track of that

790

00:28:51,510 --> 00:28:50,050

infrastructure doesn't necessarily let

791

00:28:53,220 --> 00:28:51,520

us have full visibility into the area

792

00:28:55,020 --> 00:28:53,230

where these things might be flying so

793

00:28:56,400 --> 00:28:55,030

surveillance as well as again the

794

00:28:57,930 --> 00:28:56,410

recharging and the landing and the

795

00:28:59,100 --> 00:28:57,940

takeoffs all that's infrastructure that

796

00:29:00,720 --> 00:28:59,110

definitely has to be considered when

797

00:29:02,490 --> 00:29:00,730

designing a system and I would say

798

00:29:04,950 --> 00:29:02,500

infrastructure it's actually a big big

799

00:29:07,380 --> 00:29:04,960

part of this right and the FAA is as

800

00:29:09,030 --> 00:29:07,390

well as NASA as well as industry and

801  
00:29:10,800 --> 00:29:09,040  
other research institutions they are

802  
00:29:13,200 --> 00:29:10,810  
looking to understand what are the

803  
00:29:15,450 --> 00:29:13,210  
infrastructure requirements and there

804  
00:29:17,940 --> 00:29:15,460  
are sensory requirements but also things

805  
00:29:19,950 --> 00:29:17,950  
such as lighting requirements right and

806  
00:29:21,420 --> 00:29:19,960  
what kind of procedures are need to be

807  
00:29:23,850 --> 00:29:21,430  
developed for that type of

808  
00:29:25,440 --> 00:29:23,860  
infrastructure so there's a whole host

809  
00:29:26,910 --> 00:29:25,450  
of information that would come along

810  
00:29:28,140 --> 00:29:26,920  
with the infrastructure that we meet

811  
00:29:30,900 --> 00:29:28,150  
that will be needed for these vehicles

812  
00:29:32,220 --> 00:29:30,910  
to land or take off from locations near

813  
00:29:34,640 --> 00:29:32,230

us right Sears there's lots of

814

00:29:36,810 --> 00:29:34,650

interesting research there yeah yeah

815

00:29:38,910 --> 00:29:36,820

research kind of lead the way to those

816

00:29:41,280 --> 00:29:38,920

answers yeah right yeah yeah discovers

817

00:29:44,040 --> 00:29:41,290

the questions yeah yeah that's

818

00:29:45,450 --> 00:29:44,050

interesting maybe just one more and this

819

00:29:47,730 --> 00:29:45,460

question came in a while ago from Hobbes

820

00:29:49,650 --> 00:29:47,740

555 so maybe it's been answered but I

821

00:29:50,760 --> 00:29:49,660

want to know is this like flying cars

822

00:29:52,650 --> 00:29:50,770

what's the mission

823

00:29:56,310 --> 00:29:52,660

can we call these flying cars or is that

824

00:29:58,520 --> 00:29:56,320

something else well so if you if you

825

00:30:00,390 --> 00:29:58,530

want to call them flying cars

826

00:30:02,700 --> 00:30:00,400

technically can I mean some of these

827

00:30:05,160 --> 00:30:02,710

vehicle configurations do have wheels

828

00:30:07,350 --> 00:30:05,170

right when we're landing cool some do

829

00:30:09,120 --> 00:30:07,360

some don't right so if you have wheels

830

00:30:10,830 --> 00:30:09,130

and you can actually do taxis I guess

831

00:30:13,890 --> 00:30:10,840

technically if you can hear y'all the

832

00:30:16,500 --> 00:30:13,900

flying car you know people do call them

833

00:30:17,850 --> 00:30:16,510

urban air mobility vehicles do the fact

834

00:30:19,280 --> 00:30:17,860

they can perform a number of different

835

00:30:21,030 --> 00:30:19,290

functions and have slightly different

836

00:30:21,390 --> 00:30:21,040

operations than what we were used to

837

00:30:24,360 --> 00:30:21,400

today

838

00:30:26,700 --> 00:30:24,370

right so the terms you use can change

839

00:30:28,530 --> 00:30:26,710

but essentially it's like an air taxi a

840

00:30:29,970 --> 00:30:28,540

flying car I know whatever you wish to

841

00:30:31,500 --> 00:30:29,980

call it yeah and I think that the car

842

00:30:32,820 --> 00:30:31,510

implies a lot of freedom right and

843

00:30:34,830 --> 00:30:32,830

that's that automatically we were

844

00:30:36,240 --> 00:30:34,840

mentioning earlier yeah so most of these

845

00:30:38,160 --> 00:30:36,250

the initial vehicles are probably more

846

00:30:39,690 --> 00:30:38,170

like the air Metro Siobhan Julie was

847

00:30:41,730 --> 00:30:39,700

mentioning earlier right there kind of

848

00:30:43,200 --> 00:30:41,740

designated where they're going to go so

849

00:30:44,940 --> 00:30:43,210

if you wanted to call that a car sure

850

00:30:47,880 --> 00:30:44,950

you could but in general it's more like

851  
00:30:49,410 --> 00:30:47,890  
a subway or yeah it's it's going where

852  
00:30:50,910 --> 00:30:49,420  
it's going to go and okay it can help

853  
00:30:53,460 --> 00:30:50,920  
you get there quickly just turn it off

854  
00:30:55,620 --> 00:30:53,470  
yeah okay cool all right well let's move

855  
00:30:56,700 --> 00:30:55,630  
on to our next topic so that we don't

856  
00:30:57,379 --> 00:30:56,710  
run out of time but we're gonna come

857  
00:30:59,509 --> 00:30:57,389  
back to work

858  
00:31:01,639 --> 00:30:59,519  
since later so I know that NASA has

859  
00:31:03,289 --> 00:31:01,649  
already done a bunch of research for

860  
00:31:04,969 --> 00:31:03,299  
several years that really help lay the

861  
00:31:06,019 --> 00:31:04,979  
groundwork for this urban air mobility

862  
00:31:08,299 --> 00:31:06,029  
work that you're doing

863  
00:31:10,039 --> 00:31:08,309

so Joey you were a big part of that can

864

00:31:12,859 --> 00:31:10,049

you tell us about the system you worked

865

00:31:15,589 --> 00:31:12,869

on yeah so for the past five years or so

866

00:31:19,310 --> 00:31:15,599

we have been working on how do you

867

00:31:20,719 --> 00:31:19,320

manage small drones at low altitude at

868

00:31:22,399 --> 00:31:20,729

kind of a big scale how do you have

869

00:31:23,930 --> 00:31:22,409

thousands of small drones flying over

870

00:31:25,099 --> 00:31:23,940

the state of California taking care of

871

00:31:28,489 --> 00:31:25,109

things okay

872

00:31:29,899 --> 00:31:28,499

so again that's the current air traffic

873

00:31:32,479 --> 00:31:29,909

management system was not designed to

874

00:31:34,310 --> 00:31:32,489

handle that kind of traffic so how do we

875

00:31:36,319 --> 00:31:34,320

enable those use cases in those business

876

00:31:38,029 --> 00:31:36,329

cases to occur without overloading the

877

00:31:40,009 --> 00:31:38,039

current system and keeping everything as

878

00:31:42,529 --> 00:31:40,019

safe as possible so that's what came

879

00:31:44,449 --> 00:31:42,539

about our research was called UTM UAS

880

00:31:45,680 --> 00:31:44,459

traffic management and again us traffic

881

00:31:47,479 --> 00:31:45,690

man just means how do you manage drones

882

00:31:59,229 --> 00:31:47,489

all right how do you manage travel yeah

883

00:32:02,539 --> 00:32:01,579

but yeah we were focused again on small

884

00:32:04,279 --> 00:32:02,549

drones we're talking with fifty five

885

00:32:06,139 --> 00:32:04,289

pounds and under okay and we're talking

886

00:32:07,819 --> 00:32:06,149

about low altitude typically 400 feet

887

00:32:09,560 --> 00:32:07,829

and under yeah but again you can

888

00:32:11,930 --> 00:32:09,570

accomplish a lot of things just in that

889

00:32:13,549 --> 00:32:11,940

airspace with these kind of vehicles and

890

00:32:15,109 --> 00:32:13,559

it made us ask certain questions and

891

00:32:16,849 --> 00:32:15,119

develop certain systems and test certain

892

00:32:19,099 --> 00:32:16,859

things with partners and the FAA that

893

00:32:20,719 --> 00:32:19,109

lays the groundwork for some of the

894

00:32:22,579 --> 00:32:20,729

still open questions for urban air

895

00:32:23,839 --> 00:32:22,589

mobility that we have been talking yeah

896

00:32:26,329 --> 00:32:23,849

yeah that sounds familiar

897

00:32:28,099 --> 00:32:26,339

yeah kind of work you're doing you

898

00:32:30,109 --> 00:32:28,109

mentioned lots of applications what are

899

00:32:33,859 --> 00:32:30,119

some examples for small drones there

900

00:32:35,419 --> 00:32:33,869

there are a lot usually the you can

901  
00:32:37,639 --> 00:32:35,429  
actually classify them into some of the

902  
00:32:39,649 --> 00:32:37,649  
more interesting ones into the 3ds dirty

903  
00:32:41,690 --> 00:32:39,659  
dangerous and dull jobs there's a lot of

904  
00:32:43,909 --> 00:32:41,700  
jobs you can do with these drones that

905  
00:32:45,799 --> 00:32:43,919  
can actually keep people safer that are

906  
00:32:47,299 --> 00:32:45,809  
doing them right infrastructure

907  
00:32:48,799 --> 00:32:47,309  
inspection for example you know looking

908  
00:32:50,319 --> 00:32:48,809  
at a cell tower taking pictures and

909  
00:32:53,060 --> 00:32:50,329  
making sure it's working correctly

910  
00:32:54,769 --> 00:32:53,070  
people die climbing those towers every

911  
00:32:56,899 --> 00:32:54,779  
year right and and other kind of

912  
00:32:58,879 --> 00:32:56,909  
powerline inspection these jobs aren't

913  
00:33:01,519 --> 00:32:58,889

always the safest jobs but you can make

914

00:33:02,779 --> 00:33:01,529

them safer by using drones right and

915

00:33:04,639 --> 00:33:02,789

then things like there's agricultural

916

00:33:06,799 --> 00:33:04,649

applications as well taking pictures of

917

00:33:08,839 --> 00:33:06,809

your field and doing analysis on that as

918

00:33:10,289 --> 00:33:08,849

well as public safety things fire and

919

00:33:13,499 --> 00:33:10,299

police agencies are using these

920

00:33:14,669 --> 00:33:13,509

more and at the local level large

921

00:33:16,499 --> 00:33:14,679

company talking about delivering things

922

00:33:17,759 --> 00:33:16,509

to your doorstep again all this can

923

00:33:19,859 --> 00:33:17,769

happen with drones under fifty five

924

00:33:20,789 --> 00:33:19,869

pounds and under four hundred feet so

925

00:33:22,769 --> 00:33:20,799

there's a lot of things you can actually

926  
00:33:24,149 --> 00:33:22,779  
do with them right yeah for sure and how

927  
00:33:26,310 --> 00:33:24,159  
do you will let everyone do all those

928  
00:33:27,810 --> 00:33:26,320  
things simultaneously and keep the

929  
00:33:29,129 --> 00:33:27,820  
airspace safe exactly that was kind of

930  
00:33:31,339 --> 00:33:29,139  
the research that we were looking at yes

931  
00:33:35,039 --> 00:33:31,349  
because that's always the key really

932  
00:33:36,209 --> 00:33:35,049  
yeah what was your role exactly so I was

933  
00:33:38,039 --> 00:33:36,219  
the chief engineer for the project so it

934  
00:33:41,249 --> 00:33:38,049  
was really about kind of coordinating a

935  
00:33:43,049 --> 00:33:41,259  
lot of the technical aspects of it I did

936  
00:33:44,940 --> 00:33:43,059  
focus a lot on the software aspect of it

937  
00:33:46,379 --> 00:33:44,950  
so we talked about automation earlier in

938  
00:33:47,789 --> 00:33:46,389

the airspace management how it's gonna

939

00:33:49,859 --> 00:33:47,799

have to be automated in the future to

940

00:33:51,119 --> 00:33:49,869

handle all of this traffic so how do you

941

00:33:51,779 --> 00:33:51,129

build a system that enables all this

942

00:33:53,849 --> 00:33:51,789

stuff to happen

943

00:33:55,529 --> 00:33:53,859

you know it's it's cloud-based and it

944

00:33:58,349 --> 00:33:55,539

leverages a lot of best practices in the

945

00:33:59,819 --> 00:33:58,359

software industry with our knowledge and

946

00:34:01,049 --> 00:33:59,829

expertise at NASA for air traffic

947

00:34:03,180 --> 00:34:01,059

management right so how do you marry

948

00:34:05,279 --> 00:34:03,190

those two things and that's really what

949

00:34:07,289 --> 00:34:05,289

what we were looking at and Joey won't

950

00:34:09,539 --> 00:34:07,299

admit this but he was the brains behind

951  
00:34:10,649 --> 00:34:09,549  
the the UTM project and I would say that

952  
00:34:12,779 --> 00:34:10,659  
Joey and his team

953  
00:34:14,129 --> 00:34:12,789  
most recently won the NASA software the

954  
00:34:15,839 --> 00:34:14,139  
Year award so that's actually kind of a

955  
00:34:17,789 --> 00:34:15,849  
big deal so give Joe a shout-out for

956  
00:34:18,960 --> 00:34:17,799  
that yeah yeah we we have a lot of

957  
00:34:20,250 --> 00:34:18,970  
brains on the project which is great

958  
00:34:22,529 --> 00:34:20,260  
right that's how you make it successful

959  
00:34:23,519 --> 00:34:22,539  
in Elon perspectives having a lot of

960  
00:34:25,379 --> 00:34:23,529  
people with a lot of different

961  
00:34:26,339 --> 00:34:25,389  
backgrounds to come to that is how you

962  
00:34:27,690 --> 00:34:26,349  
kind of get to these innovative

963  
00:34:29,220 --> 00:34:27,700

solutions and NASA's a great place to

964

00:34:35,220 --> 00:34:29,230

kind of allow that to happen yeah

965

00:34:40,079 --> 00:34:35,230

awesome Congrats Thanks so what are some

966

00:34:42,659 --> 00:34:40,089

specific abilities you you gave the

967

00:34:45,329 --> 00:34:42,669

drones or the system like you want to

968

00:34:47,700 --> 00:34:45,339

keep them keep them separate specific

969

00:34:49,680 --> 00:34:47,710

examples you know we had sort of a clean

970

00:34:51,329 --> 00:34:49,690

sheet to begin thinking about how to get

971

00:34:52,680 --> 00:34:51,339

this done really again it's a clean

972

00:34:53,849 --> 00:34:52,690

sheet but with the understanding of how

973

00:34:54,899 --> 00:34:53,859

the airspace works and the other

974

00:34:56,460 --> 00:34:54,909

vehicles work right

975

00:34:58,200 --> 00:34:56,470

so with those bounds what what do we

976

00:34:59,430 --> 00:34:58,210

want the system to do one of the key

977

00:35:00,750 --> 00:34:59,440

things is how do we help make sure the

978

00:35:03,900 --> 00:35:00,760

drones don't run into each other right

979

00:35:06,630 --> 00:35:03,910

yes for starters helps them stay safely

980

00:35:07,650 --> 00:35:06,640

separated you know at some degree also

981

00:35:08,910 --> 00:35:07,660

how do we keep them separate from

982

00:35:10,589 --> 00:35:08,920

traditional aviation how do we make sure

983

00:35:12,329 --> 00:35:10,599

they don't fly into other aircraft right

984

00:35:14,789 --> 00:35:12,339

can you build some system that helps

985

00:35:16,019 --> 00:35:14,799

helps with that process you know one

986

00:35:17,609 --> 00:35:16,029

layer of this isn't gonna be the end all

987

00:35:19,380 --> 00:35:17,619

and be all of all these answers but how

988

00:35:23,430 --> 00:35:19,390

do we start this process of keeping the

989

00:35:25,019 --> 00:35:23,440

airspace safe also how do we allow folks

990

00:35:26,190 --> 00:35:25,029

that are doing these operations and the

991

00:35:27,539 --> 00:35:26,200

vehicles that are doing a supper to be

992

00:35:29,910 --> 00:35:27,549

identifiable right we don't want just

993

00:35:31,200 --> 00:35:29,920

rogue or unidentified flying around the

994

00:35:33,329 --> 00:35:31,210

airspace is they need to know what's

995

00:35:34,890 --> 00:35:33,339

there right to keep the airspace against

996

00:35:37,230 --> 00:35:34,900

safe there's kind of a security aspect

997

00:35:40,589 --> 00:35:37,240

to that as well and then how do you have

998

00:35:43,890 --> 00:35:40,599

some priority for important operations

999

00:35:45,420 --> 00:35:43,900

right so for example recently there was

1000

00:35:47,940 --> 00:35:45,430

actually a drone that delivered a human

1001  
00:35:49,499 --> 00:35:47,950  
kidney for transplant that was actually

1002  
00:35:51,779 --> 00:35:49,509  
transplanted into a person Wow

1003  
00:35:54,299 --> 00:35:51,789  
successfully right so that was

1004  
00:35:55,920 --> 00:35:54,309  
demonstrated one one important use case

1005  
00:35:58,200 --> 00:35:55,930  
for drones yeah how do we let that

1006  
00:35:59,390 --> 00:35:58,210  
happen without being hindered by drones

1007  
00:36:01,859 --> 00:35:59,400  
that are delivering hot dogs to people

1008  
00:36:04,079 --> 00:36:01,869  
to make sure the hot dog drones get out

1009  
00:36:09,539 --> 00:36:04,089  
of the way right kidney drone come

1010  
00:36:11,670 --> 00:36:09,549  
through these priority operations need

1011  
00:36:13,170 --> 00:36:11,680  
to be thought of as important in the

1012  
00:36:14,789 --> 00:36:13,180  
system as we design it out yeah there's

1013  
00:36:16,470 --> 00:36:14,799

a lot more of the important class of

1014

00:36:18,120 --> 00:36:16,480

operations you you can you can think

1015

00:36:20,400 --> 00:36:18,130

about but the idea is how do we make

1016

00:36:21,539 --> 00:36:20,410

sure that can actually occur right then

1017

00:36:22,349 --> 00:36:21,549

all of this can occur right you'll get

1018

00:36:24,180 --> 00:36:22,359

your hot dogs

1019

00:36:27,960 --> 00:36:24,190

you'll get it but after the kidney is

1020

00:36:29,910 --> 00:36:27,970

reversed thirty seconds later and I would

1021

00:36:31,890 --> 00:36:29,920

actually add the services that Joey just

1022

00:36:33,809 --> 00:36:31,900

laid out they are extensible and

1023

00:36:35,010 --> 00:36:33,819

applicable for any new entrant right so

1024

00:36:37,380 --> 00:36:35,020

Joey was talking about how they were

1025

00:36:38,910 --> 00:36:37,390

applied for drones yeah if you can think

1026  
00:36:41,519 --> 00:36:38,920  
about for these larger urban air

1027  
00:36:43,920 --> 00:36:41,529  
mobility vehicles for any new entrant or

1028  
00:36:45,779 --> 00:36:43,930  
Zeppelin these same tenants can be

1029  
00:36:47,700 --> 00:36:45,789  
applied so it's actually a really great

1030  
00:36:49,740 --> 00:36:47,710  
foundation for us to build off of and

1031  
00:36:51,779 --> 00:36:49,750  
extend for new entrants into our

1032  
00:36:53,849 --> 00:36:51,789  
national airspace yeah yeah it's so

1033  
00:36:56,549 --> 00:36:53,859  
clear how right supports the same things

1034  
00:36:58,529 --> 00:36:56,559  
challenge Lee's working right I mean the

1035  
00:36:59,490 --> 00:36:58,539  
key thing is you know the current system

1036  
00:37:01,529 --> 00:36:59,500  
again the air traffic controllers don't

1037  
00:37:04,019 --> 00:37:01,539  
want to be controlling a 40-pound drone

1038  
00:37:06,329 --> 00:37:04,029

at 200 feet right they're not you have

1039

00:37:11,549 --> 00:37:06,339

enough to do with their crane they don't

1040

00:37:12,390 --> 00:37:11,559

want to hire 10,000 more operators so

1041

00:37:13,829 --> 00:37:12,400

again they're kind of this is the

1042

00:37:14,940 --> 00:37:13,839

automation of the airspace and allowing

1043

00:37:17,430 --> 00:37:14,950

these new entrants and again a lot of

1044

00:37:19,499 --> 00:37:17,440

these things will translate over to this

1045

00:37:21,180 --> 00:37:19,509

this air taxi urban air the ability

1046

00:37:22,410 --> 00:37:21,190

world yeah finding out how much of that

1047

00:37:23,760 --> 00:37:22,420

transfers over how much of it has to

1048

00:37:25,470 --> 00:37:23,770

change a little bit but we have a

1049

00:37:27,329 --> 00:37:25,480

foundation to start with totally yeah

1050

00:37:29,279 --> 00:37:27,339

yeah so they're kind of enters a Jenni

1051  
00:37:30,220 --> 00:37:29,289  
CD 25s questionnaire management will be

1052  
00:37:32,800 --> 00:37:30,230  
autonomous and

1053  
00:37:35,200 --> 00:37:32,810  
it will be autonomous it will have a

1054  
00:37:36,310 --> 00:37:35,210  
autonomous aspects right it doesn't mean

1055  
00:37:38,980 --> 00:37:36,320  
you just push a button in the airspace

1056  
00:37:40,960 --> 00:37:38,990  
is completely right free to go and the

1057  
00:37:42,430 --> 00:37:40,970  
autonomous the the I thought it was

1058  
00:37:44,260 --> 00:37:42,440  
nature of it will increase over time

1059  
00:37:46,330 --> 00:37:44,270  
right you know when you get started you

1060  
00:37:47,920 --> 00:37:46,340  
only have so many operations and you

1061  
00:37:49,570 --> 00:37:47,930  
might have a good amount of human

1062  
00:37:51,220 --> 00:37:49,580  
supervision but the unit's things scale

1063  
00:37:53,260 --> 00:37:51,230

out how much of that can be automated

1064

00:37:55,780 --> 00:37:53,270

and making sure you do it again in a

1065

00:37:58,300 --> 00:37:55,790

safe way it's more of like a continuing

1066

00:38:00,160 --> 00:37:58,310

right so it's there's gonna be pieces of

1067

00:38:01,480 --> 00:38:00,170

it that are automated some functions and

1068

00:38:03,400 --> 00:38:01,490

then how does that can house that

1069

00:38:05,590 --> 00:38:03,410

continuum grow that's right over time

1070

00:38:08,530 --> 00:38:05,600

yeah make sense building up on it right

1071

00:38:10,420 --> 00:38:08,540

exactly yeah so the drone traffic

1072

00:38:13,270 --> 00:38:10,430

management system what does it look like

1073

00:38:14,710 --> 00:38:13,280

or feel like for a user a pilot like if

1074

00:38:15,160 --> 00:38:14,720

I want to fly my drone what am I going

1075

00:38:16,660 --> 00:38:15,170

to see

1076

00:38:18,849 --> 00:38:16,670

yeah in the future hopefully it would be

1077

00:38:21,040 --> 00:38:18,859

very transparent it shouldn't be a big

1078

00:38:22,540 --> 00:38:21,050

burden to actually use the system so

1079

00:38:24,220 --> 00:38:22,550

there's actually be a layer between you

1080

00:38:25,840 --> 00:38:24,230

and the airspace and it would be kind of

1081

00:38:27,430 --> 00:38:25,850

a service provider to get into the

1082

00:38:28,840 --> 00:38:27,440

airspace almost like a cell service

1083

00:38:30,430 --> 00:38:28,850

provider right you want to make phone

1084

00:38:32,080 --> 00:38:30,440

calls you have a cell service provider

1085

00:38:34,390 --> 00:38:32,090

yeah you can talk to other cell service

1086

00:38:35,740 --> 00:38:34,400

providers plainly so you would have one

1087

00:38:37,000 --> 00:38:35,750

of those providers that get you access

1088

00:38:38,620 --> 00:38:37,010

to the airspace right you would tell

1089

00:38:40,060 --> 00:38:38,630

them what you want to do maybe your

1090

00:38:41,200 --> 00:38:40,070

intent I want to fly from here to here

1091

00:38:41,859 --> 00:38:41,210

and I'm gonna do it about this time

1092

00:38:42,970 --> 00:38:41,869

mm-hmm

1093

00:38:44,560 --> 00:38:42,980

the idea is that these service providers

1094

00:38:46,630 --> 00:38:44,570

share that information amongst each

1095

00:38:48,670 --> 00:38:46,640

other they do what's necessary to keep

1096

00:38:50,380 --> 00:38:48,680

the airspace safe and be conflicted and

1097

00:38:53,109 --> 00:38:50,390

and messages flowing that need to flow

1098

00:38:54,670 --> 00:38:53,119

and you as a pilot just take care of

1099

00:38:56,530 --> 00:38:54,680

your mission right you just fly your

1100

00:38:58,090 --> 00:38:56,540

operation how much of that operation is

1101  
00:38:59,650 --> 00:38:58,100  
automated and not automated you know

1102  
00:39:02,080 --> 00:38:59,660  
that depends in the future how far you

1103  
00:39:04,270 --> 00:39:02,090  
go but a pilot would be in charge of

1104  
00:39:06,040 --> 00:39:04,280  
that operation and would do it cleanly

1105  
00:39:07,750 --> 00:39:06,050  
and receive information back from these

1106  
00:39:09,040 --> 00:39:07,760  
service providers about any changes in

1107  
00:39:11,230 --> 00:39:09,050  
the airspace or things you need to know

1108  
00:39:13,060 --> 00:39:11,240  
right like there's a storm coming up

1109  
00:39:14,560 --> 00:39:13,070  
exactly there's an emergency operation

1110  
00:39:20,380 --> 00:39:14,570  
that's right yeah that kidneys coming

1111  
00:39:22,420 --> 00:39:20,390  
through right no it's something I know I

1112  
00:39:24,520 --> 00:39:22,430  
was just gonna add that I think there's

1113  
00:39:27,220 --> 00:39:24,530

the whole host of different types of

1114

00:39:29,290 --> 00:39:27,230

operations yeah it kind of lends itself

1115

00:39:32,440 --> 00:39:29,300

to setting up different missions right

1116

00:39:33,880 --> 00:39:32,450

and then I'd also add that the tools and

1117

00:39:36,040 --> 00:39:33,890

the technologies and the integration

1118

00:39:38,470 --> 00:39:36,050

with the partners that was built up

1119

00:39:40,720 --> 00:39:38,480

under UTM I think is a great model they

1120

00:39:42,560 --> 00:39:40,730

interface with a whole host of industry

1121

00:39:44,180 --> 00:39:42,570

partners along with the FAA

1122

00:39:46,040 --> 00:39:44,190

that same model of collaborative

1123

00:39:51,230 --> 00:39:46,050

innovation is what we're aiming for yeah

1124

00:39:54,350 --> 00:39:51,240

yeah and I wanted to go back to earlier

1125

00:39:55,670 --> 00:39:54,360

you somebody asked about like traffic

1126  
00:39:56,600 --> 00:39:55,680  
light source I forget what the question

1127  
00:39:58,430 --> 00:39:56,610  
was maybe you're saying there would be

1128  
00:40:00,110 --> 00:39:58,440  
digital traffic lights right not

1129  
00:40:02,270 --> 00:40:00,120  
physical things up in this guy but you

1130  
00:40:03,860 --> 00:40:02,280  
told me that we can think of the drone

1131  
00:40:05,750 --> 00:40:03,870  
traffic management is like rules of the

1132  
00:40:08,180 --> 00:40:05,760  
road that we know when driving right

1133  
00:40:10,130 --> 00:40:08,190  
yeah you know we think about driving

1134  
00:40:11,630 --> 00:40:10,140  
today the folks that are driving in

1135  
00:40:12,950 --> 00:40:11,640  
general you hope and expect that they

1136  
00:40:15,050 --> 00:40:12,960  
know the rules of the road right they

1137  
00:40:16,460 --> 00:40:15,060  
know yeah what a red light means they

1138  
00:40:18,350 --> 00:40:16,470

knew what to do when you both come to a

1139

00:40:19,640 --> 00:40:18,360

stop sign at the same time they know how

1140

00:40:21,620 --> 00:40:19,650

fast you can go on the freeway and how

1141

00:40:24,350 --> 00:40:21,630

to change lanes those kind of things

1142

00:40:25,820 --> 00:40:24,360

don't exist for drone traffic right so

1143

00:40:26,630 --> 00:40:25,830

how do what are those procedures what

1144

00:40:28,640 --> 00:40:26,640

are those rules

1145

00:40:30,560 --> 00:40:28,650

who has the right away in certain

1146

00:40:31,730 --> 00:40:30,570

scenarios and how do you share that

1147

00:40:33,530 --> 00:40:31,740

information to make sure that everyone's

1148

00:40:35,150 --> 00:40:33,540

aware of the same rule set and those

1149

00:40:36,470 --> 00:40:35,160

other things so that is a lot of the

1150

00:40:38,240 --> 00:40:36,480

research we do as well so that's really

1151

00:40:39,830 --> 00:40:38,250

the drone traffic management system it's

1152

00:40:41,570 --> 00:40:39,840

you know defining those rows LaRose the

1153

00:40:43,340 --> 00:40:41,580

procedures making sure everyone's

1154

00:40:44,750 --> 00:40:43,350

checked out on all those things to

1155

00:40:47,630 --> 00:40:44,760

enable all these operations to happen

1156

00:40:48,620 --> 00:40:47,640

yeah yeah and you know and you have on

1157

00:40:50,150 --> 00:40:48,630

your phone it does you want as a traffic

1158

00:40:51,500 --> 00:40:50,160

jam ahead right so that's the next level

1159

00:40:52,880 --> 00:40:51,510

of service was right and that would be

1160

00:40:56,360 --> 00:40:52,890

part of the ecosystem as well oh there

1161

00:40:58,280 --> 00:40:56,370

is weather ahead or there is a lot of

1162

00:41:00,440 --> 00:40:58,290

drones over here so maybe you should go

1163

00:41:01,700 --> 00:41:00,450

over there right sharing data so that

1164

00:41:03,650 --> 00:41:01,710

you can make those decisions yeah

1165

00:41:05,810 --> 00:41:03,660

awesome yeah that's really clear cool oh

1166

00:41:08,090 --> 00:41:05,820

we have a question here from Chen Dane

1167

00:41:10,910 --> 00:41:08,100

will Dee's Jones have an option for

1168

00:41:12,830 --> 00:41:10,920

multitasking for example the drunk could

1169

00:41:17,030 --> 00:41:12,840

be delivering a kidney and also acting

1170

00:41:18,860 --> 00:41:17,040

as a traffic camera in route so will

1171

00:41:20,150 --> 00:41:18,870

they have like different yeah I think

1172

00:41:21,980 --> 00:41:20,160

the person waiting for the kidney would

1173

00:41:25,730 --> 00:41:21,990

hope maybe this it's focused on the

1174

00:41:27,320 --> 00:41:25,740

kidney but in general yeah it's all

1175

00:41:28,880 --> 00:41:27,330

about the vehicle capabilities right

1176

00:41:31,400 --> 00:41:28,890

what did they design the vehicle to do

1177

00:41:33,560 --> 00:41:31,410

and the idea with our research with

1178

00:41:34,760 --> 00:41:33,570

traffic management and and and all those

1179

00:41:36,560 --> 00:41:34,770

sorts of things how do we make sure we

1180

00:41:37,970 --> 00:41:36,570

don't cut off any of those use cases how

1181

00:41:39,260 --> 00:41:37,980

do we make sure we enable folks to do

1182

00:41:42,680 --> 00:41:39,270

the things they need and want to do in

1183

00:41:44,930 --> 00:41:42,690

the air space safely so yes and we have

1184

00:41:46,940 --> 00:41:44,940

looked at drones being repurposed in

1185

00:41:48,890 --> 00:41:46,950

routes and right mm-hmm you may be doing

1186

00:41:50,090 --> 00:41:48,900

regular traffic surveillance but then

1187

00:41:51,110 --> 00:41:50,100

maybe there's a search and rescue thing

1188

00:41:52,820 --> 00:41:51,120

that has to happen and that drone could

1189

00:41:54,740 --> 00:41:52,830

be repurposed in flight and take off and

1190

00:41:55,640 --> 00:41:54,750

do something so this idea of repurposing

1191

00:41:57,830 --> 00:41:55,650

is definitely out there

1192

00:42:00,260 --> 00:41:57,840

yeah and I would say for whether it's a

1193

00:42:02,030 --> 00:42:00,270

single task or repurposing or multitasks

1194

00:42:03,950 --> 00:42:02,040

you know what you need is a secure

1195

00:42:05,120 --> 00:42:03,960

communication and navigation platform

1196

00:42:06,710 --> 00:42:05,130

right so you have to be able to

1197

00:42:09,380 --> 00:42:06,720

communicate to that that vehicle that

1198

00:42:11,240 --> 00:42:09,390

drone or that you am and be able to have

1199

00:42:13,940 --> 00:42:11,250

that communication be secure and that's

1200

00:42:15,620 --> 00:42:13,950

I think as you have multiple tasks that

1201

00:42:18,080 --> 00:42:15,630

still is the foundation is how do you

1202

00:42:21,860 --> 00:42:18,090

have safe and efficient operations right

1203

00:42:24,770 --> 00:42:21,870

yeah cool so this year you guys actually

1204

00:42:26,780 --> 00:42:24,780

had a big milestone yeah right yeah tell

1205

00:42:29,360 --> 00:42:26,790

us about what went down right I mean

1206

00:42:31,700 --> 00:42:29,370

we've been doing this since 2014

1207

00:42:33,410 --> 00:42:31,710

you know researching this drone traffic

1208

00:42:35,990 --> 00:42:33,420

management system and we've been kind of

1209

00:42:38,270 --> 00:42:36,000

building up in complexity of the kind of

1210

00:42:40,340 --> 00:42:38,280

cases that you can handle so when we got

1211

00:42:43,700 --> 00:42:40,350

to this summer we actually executed a

1212

00:42:45,290 --> 00:42:43,710

flight test to demonstrate the most

1213

00:42:47,090 --> 00:42:45,300

mature version of the system we have and

1214

00:42:49,100 --> 00:42:47,100

we do that in an urban environment so we

1215

00:42:51,380 --> 00:42:49,110

flew in downtown Reno and we flew in

1216

00:42:54,590 --> 00:42:51,390

Corpus Christi Texas with the help of

1217

00:42:57,110 --> 00:42:54,600

the FA test sites at those areas and

1218

00:43:00,020 --> 00:42:57,120

many many partners doing that with us

1219

00:43:01,610 --> 00:43:00,030

right and and showing how this system

1220

00:43:02,990 --> 00:43:01,620

would work in an urban environment and

1221

00:43:04,220 --> 00:43:03,000

finding out where the limits are where

1222

00:43:06,110 --> 00:43:04,230

the gaps are and where it works really

1223

00:43:07,640 --> 00:43:06,120

well that's what we did this summer and

1224

00:43:09,590 --> 00:43:07,650

that was a really exciting time for us

1225

00:43:11,570 --> 00:43:09,600

awesome yeah you guys got video of that

1226

00:43:13,040 --> 00:43:11,580

didn't you oh yeah we probably have

1227

00:43:14,780 --> 00:43:13,050

something you tell us about if we can

1228

00:43:16,430 --> 00:43:14,790

for sure oh yeah you're looking at Reno

1229

00:43:18,770 --> 00:43:16,440

here are you looking at a couple of

1230

00:43:19,940 --> 00:43:18,780

drones taking off from the top of a

1231

00:43:21,500 --> 00:43:19,950

building and you can see they're flying

1232

00:43:23,180 --> 00:43:21,510

near the casinos and they're coming

1233

00:43:24,800 --> 00:43:23,190

really close to each other but actually

1234

00:43:26,630 --> 00:43:24,810

more space than you can tell from the

1235

00:43:29,060 --> 00:43:26,640

ground here and the key thing is that

1236

00:43:30,350 --> 00:43:29,070

the two pilots for those vehicles know

1237

00:43:32,030 --> 00:43:30,360

what the other one is doing because

1238

00:43:33,410 --> 00:43:32,040

they've been sharing information you can

1239

00:43:35,240 --> 00:43:33,420

see one holding up here all another one

1240

00:43:37,460 --> 00:43:35,250

passes by again that's the rules of the

1241

00:43:38,990 --> 00:43:37,470

road stuff we were talking about so

1242

00:43:40,610 --> 00:43:39,000

testing all those concepts and here you

1243

00:43:43,250 --> 00:43:40,620

seen kind of a Mission Control Center

1244

00:43:45,680 --> 00:43:43,260

with folks from NASA as well as the

1245

00:43:48,380 --> 00:43:45,690

Nevada Test Site working together to

1246

00:43:51,410 --> 00:43:48,390

execute these these activities sweet

1247

00:43:55,250 --> 00:43:51,420

interesting so you were not the only one

1248

00:43:57,560 --> 00:43:55,260

there were you doing you guys yeah I had

1249

00:44:00,320 --> 00:43:57,570

the chance to go out and observe the UTM

1250

00:44:02,570 --> 00:44:00,330

tests both in Reno and Texas and I would

1251  
00:44:05,030 --> 00:44:02,580  
say seeing the drones flying in that

1252  
00:44:07,430 --> 00:44:05,040  
urban environment really makes it

1253  
00:44:08,350 --> 00:44:07,440  
tangible right this is a reality that's

1254  
00:44:11,240 --> 00:44:08,360  
coming

1255  
00:44:14,150 --> 00:44:11,250  
to see how it's a combination of

1256  
00:44:16,370 --> 00:44:14,160  
software they leverage cloud services

1257  
00:44:18,260 --> 00:44:16,380  
plus the drone technology plus the

1258  
00:44:20,510 --> 00:44:18,270  
interplay of the folks on the ground you

1259  
00:44:22,040 --> 00:44:20,520  
really see what Joey was referring to as

1260  
00:44:24,290 --> 00:44:22,050  
earlier as kind of the National Airspace

1261  
00:44:25,790 --> 00:44:24,300  
kind of in a miniature version you're

1262  
00:44:28,220 --> 00:44:25,800  
running in these field trials which is

1263  
00:44:30,830 --> 00:44:28,230

great to see and it really lends itself

1264

00:44:32,300 --> 00:44:30,840

to help us understand what are still

1265

00:44:34,100 --> 00:44:32,310

some of the major questions that we have

1266

00:44:36,590 --> 00:44:34,110

to address so all the data that's

1267

00:44:39,520 --> 00:44:36,600

collected from these demonstrations is

1268

00:44:42,080 --> 00:44:39,530

really I think very valuable oh yeah

1269

00:44:47,090 --> 00:44:42,090

what was your experience like Tiffani

1270

00:44:48,680 --> 00:44:47,100

well I was going to cover and help them

1271

00:44:50,390 --> 00:44:48,690

amplify you know the research that

1272

00:44:52,790 --> 00:44:50,400

they're doing for the public but I mean

1273

00:44:56,420 --> 00:44:52,800

I would say Reno was cold and then Texas

1274

00:44:58,280 --> 00:44:56,430

was very very hot but I would say you

1275

00:45:00,710 --> 00:44:58,290

know it was really a great experience to

1276

00:45:02,900 --> 00:45:00,720

see the team kind of just I feel like

1277

00:45:04,340 --> 00:45:02,910

every test day was different mom they

1278

00:45:06,530 --> 00:45:04,350

learned something one day and they

1279

00:45:08,600 --> 00:45:06,540

applied it the next day and even when

1280

00:45:11,330 --> 00:45:08,610

there were challenges to see them all

1281

00:45:13,550 --> 00:45:11,340

kind of come together six come up with a

1282

00:45:15,800 --> 00:45:13,560

plan fix it the next day was was really

1283

00:45:17,930 --> 00:45:15,810

great to see and to have covered this

1284

00:45:20,030 --> 00:45:17,940

project for like I don't know three four

1285

00:45:22,250 --> 00:45:20,040

years now it's kind of like great to see

1286

00:45:24,080 --> 00:45:22,260

you know they've come together yeah this

1287

00:45:25,880 --> 00:45:24,090

accomplishment with them it's it was

1288

00:45:27,590 --> 00:45:25,890

really really cool that's awesome yeah

1289

00:45:29,660 --> 00:45:27,600

but what would you say you learned in

1290

00:45:32,510 --> 00:45:29,670

the end from these tests in downtown

1291

00:45:33,620 --> 00:45:32,520

yeah you know maybe it sounds kind of

1292

00:45:34,970 --> 00:45:33,630

silly to say out loud but it's really

1293

00:45:37,130 --> 00:45:34,980

important to know that we learned that

1294

00:45:38,600 --> 00:45:37,140

the system works yes right actually

1295

00:45:40,220 --> 00:45:38,610

you'd actually do the things we've

1296

00:45:42,050 --> 00:45:40,230

thought it should be able to do right it

1297

00:45:43,730 --> 00:45:42,060

helps drones stay separate again it's

1298

00:45:46,160 --> 00:45:43,740

not the only layer of doing that right

1299

00:45:47,630 --> 00:45:46,170

but it's a key layer of doing that you

1300

00:45:48,890 --> 00:45:47,640

can make sure you have access for

1301  
00:45:50,390 --> 00:45:48,900  
priority operations you can actually

1302  
00:45:53,810 --> 00:45:50,400  
identify the drones in the airspace

1303  
00:45:55,940 --> 00:45:53,820  
digitally and in other ways so all of

1304  
00:45:57,770 --> 00:45:55,950  
those pieces were executed in that in

1305  
00:46:00,020 --> 00:45:57,780  
that airspace and the other key thing is

1306  
00:46:01,880 --> 00:46:00,030  
finding out more about what it takes to

1307  
00:46:03,470 --> 00:46:01,890  
fly in that environment right like what

1308  
00:46:05,720 --> 00:46:03,480  
kind of what kind of things makes this

1309  
00:46:07,040 --> 00:46:05,730  
hard right let's go there and fly that

1310  
00:46:08,900 --> 00:46:07,050  
and it's not again it's not just flying

1311  
00:46:10,280 --> 00:46:08,910  
one drone right a lot of folks can

1312  
00:46:11,450 --> 00:46:10,290  
demonstrate something with with one

1313  
00:46:14,030 --> 00:46:11,460

drone and a lot of folks have done that

1314

00:46:15,800 --> 00:46:14,040

a lot of use cases but bringing a full

1315

00:46:17,390 --> 00:46:15,810

system out with many stakeholders trying

1316

00:46:18,170 --> 00:46:17,400

to collaboratively manage this airspace

1317

00:46:19,520 --> 00:46:18,180

and execute

1318

00:46:21,170 --> 00:46:19,530

Shen's is really important to do and

1319

00:46:22,490 --> 00:46:21,180

finding out where where more work needs

1320

00:46:23,720 --> 00:46:22,500

to be done and where things look like

1321

00:46:24,920 --> 00:46:23,730

they're solved right and that's what

1322

00:46:25,520 --> 00:46:24,930

these flight tests do for us right

1323

00:46:27,710 --> 00:46:25,530

perfect

1324

00:46:30,290 --> 00:46:27,720

yeah and so what's next for the drone

1325

00:46:31,490 --> 00:46:30,300

traffic management project so a lot of

1326

00:46:33,350 --> 00:46:31,500

this you know we've been continually

1327

00:46:34,460 --> 00:46:33,360

handing off to the FAA we talked about a

1328

00:46:36,590 --> 00:46:34,470

partnership live but it really is a

1329

00:46:38,750 --> 00:46:36,600

tight partnership yeah we meet with them

1330

00:46:41,600 --> 00:46:38,760

often probably more often than they

1331

00:46:42,890 --> 00:46:41,610

would like right we're talking with them

1332

00:46:44,900 --> 00:46:42,900

quite often to make sure we understand

1333

00:46:46,250 --> 00:46:44,910

what the FAA is thinking about where

1334

00:46:48,260 --> 00:46:46,260

this is going to make sure that what

1335

00:46:50,560 --> 00:46:48,270

we're research is tracking with that and

1336

00:46:52,640 --> 00:46:50,570

maybe leading it a little bit if we can

1337

00:46:55,100 --> 00:46:52,650

but they're going to be executing a

1338

00:46:56,900 --> 00:46:55,110

pilot program as well a second part of a

1339

00:46:58,580 --> 00:46:56,910

previous pilot program and we want to

1340

00:46:59,990 --> 00:46:58,590

help them in that execution and really

1341

00:47:01,850 --> 00:47:00,000

that's about taking the technologies

1342

00:47:04,040 --> 00:47:01,860

that we've been developing with the FAA

1343

00:47:05,960 --> 00:47:04,050

and our industry partners and making

1344

00:47:07,490 --> 00:47:05,970

them real in the airspace it's an

1345

00:47:08,900 --> 00:47:07,500

important step in that direction so

1346

00:47:10,660 --> 00:47:08,910

we're gonna we're gonna keep going that

1347

00:47:12,950 --> 00:47:10,670

way all right excellent

1348

00:47:16,340 --> 00:47:12,960

we have a question here from resonated

1349

00:47:19,090 --> 00:47:16,350

games is there any fundamental concept

1350

00:47:21,500 --> 00:47:19,100

that those in the private or commercial

1351  
00:47:26,600 --> 00:47:21,510  
sector testing of the drones should be

1352  
00:47:29,150 --> 00:47:26,610  
paying attention to there are so many

1353  
00:47:31,940 --> 00:47:29,160  
pieces to this right so a lot of folks

1354  
00:47:33,650 --> 00:47:31,950  
are specialized in a certain area might

1355  
00:47:35,630 --> 00:47:33,660  
be on the platform itself building you

1356  
00:47:36,800 --> 00:47:35,640  
know detect and avoid sensor how do you

1357  
00:47:38,950 --> 00:47:36,810  
actually see things in the airspace and

1358  
00:47:41,150 --> 00:47:38,960  
get out of their way and I think that

1359  
00:47:43,130 --> 00:47:41,160  
continuing to push all of those lanes is

1360  
00:47:44,660 --> 00:47:43,140  
important I think understanding the

1361  
00:47:47,060 --> 00:47:44,670  
ecosystem as a whole is also really

1362  
00:47:49,250 --> 00:47:47,070  
important I think folks that do work on

1363  
00:47:50,900 --> 00:47:49,260

important sensors and it's important

1364

00:47:52,490 --> 00:47:50,910

platforms it's important for them to

1365

00:47:54,470 --> 00:47:52,500

also understand the ecosystem in which

1366

00:47:56,120 --> 00:47:54,480

those drones will operate so just trying

1367

00:47:57,500 --> 00:47:56,130

to keep pace and understand where the

1368

00:47:59,900 --> 00:47:57,510

research is heading and where the FAA is

1369

00:48:01,190 --> 00:47:59,910

signaled things are going just trying to

1370

00:48:06,950 --> 00:48:01,200

stay abreast of all that stuff is really

1371

00:48:08,990 --> 00:48:06,960

important here's a comment on the during

1372

00:48:11,720 --> 00:48:09,000

traffic management system maybe you can

1373

00:48:13,850 --> 00:48:11,730

respond twisted metals asks the pilot

1374

00:48:17,300 --> 00:48:13,860

will be watching a movie just like now

1375

00:48:20,840 --> 00:48:17,310

95 percent of the time so a drone pilot

1376  
00:48:24,790 --> 00:48:20,850  
will be watching on screen I don't know

1377  
00:48:31,180 --> 00:48:28,450  
95% of drone pilots I understand okay

1378  
00:48:32,860 --> 00:48:31,190  
are they watching their flight on screen

1379  
00:48:34,570 --> 00:48:32,870  
oh I see are they physically watching

1380  
00:48:36,130 --> 00:48:34,580  
the aircraft or are they watching some

1381  
00:48:37,690 --> 00:48:36,140  
representation of their operation on a

1382  
00:48:39,700 --> 00:48:37,700  
screen I guess that's the question yeah

1383  
00:48:41,380 --> 00:48:39,710  
I think it's more the latter right again

1384  
00:48:43,180 --> 00:48:41,390  
because we're trying to build a system

1385  
00:48:45,160 --> 00:48:43,190  
so that these vehicles can go beyond

1386  
00:48:47,140 --> 00:48:45,170  
visual line of sight of the operator of

1387  
00:48:48,460 --> 00:48:47,150  
the pilot oh yes all right so they're

1388  
00:48:50,890 --> 00:48:48,470

not gonna be able to just watch it in

1389

00:48:52,180 --> 00:48:50,900

the sky right right and that's how you

1390

00:48:53,350 --> 00:48:52,190

enable all these business cases you

1391

00:48:55,180 --> 00:48:53,360

can't have someone watching the drone if

1392

00:48:57,700 --> 00:48:55,190

you're gonna go deliver that thing yeah

1393

00:48:59,530 --> 00:48:57,710

you know fire whales away you can't have

1394

00:49:01,300 --> 00:48:59,540

someone or a line of someone's watching

1395

00:49:03,010 --> 00:49:01,310

that so how do you build a system that

1396

00:49:05,080 --> 00:49:03,020

allows that so yeah there would be some

1397

00:49:07,060 --> 00:49:05,090

representation of the operation

1398

00:49:08,230 --> 00:49:07,070

occurring that the person that's in

1399

00:49:10,540 --> 00:49:08,240

charge of that operation would have

1400

00:49:12,580 --> 00:49:10,550

access to yeah it might be as simple as

1401  
00:49:14,320 --> 00:49:12,590  
a moving map with some alerts that are

1402  
00:49:17,380 --> 00:49:14,330  
coming on to it write something like

1403  
00:49:18,820 --> 00:49:17,390  
you'd see on your you know for for your

1404  
00:49:20,560 --> 00:49:18,830  
regular driving right something that's

1405  
00:49:22,000 --> 00:49:20,570  
letting you know where you're going or

1406  
00:49:23,410 --> 00:49:22,010  
it could be more advanced right it could

1407  
00:49:25,480 --> 00:49:23,420  
be a 3d view it could be a first-person

1408  
00:49:27,070 --> 00:49:25,490  
view really depends on the mission and

1409  
00:49:28,540 --> 00:49:27,080  
the environment you're flying in and

1410  
00:49:32,410 --> 00:49:28,550  
what the future rules actually are to do

1411  
00:49:34,180 --> 00:49:32,420  
that so yes yes yeah yeah I would add

1412  
00:49:36,160 --> 00:49:34,190  
regardless of whether it's a drone pilot

1413  
00:49:37,630 --> 00:49:36,170

or a pilot onboard one of these new

1414

00:49:39,400 --> 00:49:37,640

types of vehicles there's gonna be

1415

00:49:41,380 --> 00:49:39,410

different ways of interacting with the

1416

00:49:43,900 --> 00:49:41,390

vehicle and controlling the vehicle just

1417

00:49:45,850 --> 00:49:43,910

as automation increases and there's

1418

00:49:47,290 --> 00:49:45,860

changes in how those vehicles fly I

1419

00:49:49,690 --> 00:49:47,300

think there's going to be some changes

1420

00:49:51,730 --> 00:49:49,700

in that traditional pilot flight deck or

1421

00:49:53,560 --> 00:49:51,740

cockpit relationship yes and how you

1422

00:49:55,360 --> 00:49:53,570

interface with that it's gonna change

1423

00:49:57,640 --> 00:49:55,370

and that's also another interesting area

1424

00:50:00,310 --> 00:49:57,650

of research all the way from you know

1425

00:50:02,380 --> 00:50:00,320

human-computer interface logic that goes

1426  
00:50:05,080 --> 00:50:02,390  
behind that as well as what button do I

1427  
00:50:07,180 --> 00:50:05,090  
push to to land or take off or is there

1428  
00:50:10,300 --> 00:50:07,190  
an easy fly button right so there's all

1429  
00:50:12,730 --> 00:50:10,310  
kinds of new ways to engage with with

1430  
00:50:14,320 --> 00:50:12,740  
aircraft whether it's a drone or some of

1431  
00:50:16,240 --> 00:50:14,330  
these new vehicles and I think that's a

1432  
00:50:17,200 --> 00:50:16,250  
really interesting area yeah I think one

1433  
00:50:19,540 --> 00:50:17,210  
of the key things we're seeing a lot of

1434  
00:50:21,340 --> 00:50:19,550  
research on from industry as well as you

1435  
00:50:23,800 --> 00:50:21,350  
know the NASA side is how do these

1436  
00:50:25,570 --> 00:50:23,810  
pilots maybe control more than one of

1437  
00:50:27,130 --> 00:50:25,580  
these right it doesn't have to be a

1438  
00:50:29,170 --> 00:50:27,140

one-to-one relationship between one

1439

00:50:31,090 --> 00:50:29,180

pilot and one active operation or can

1440

00:50:33,130 --> 00:50:31,100

you expand that further right can you

1441

00:50:35,680 --> 00:50:33,140

actually have three people controlling

1442

00:50:37,600 --> 00:50:35,690

eight vehicles or can it be one

1443

00:50:38,140 --> 00:50:37,610

controlling too like what are the limits

1444

00:50:39,849 --> 00:50:38,150

of that and

1445

00:50:43,559 --> 00:50:39,859

tools need to exist in order to make

1446

00:50:47,499 --> 00:50:43,569

sure that again happens very safely yeah

1447

00:50:51,220 --> 00:50:47,509

we have a question here from Tamil 101

1448

00:50:52,989 --> 00:50:51,230

is there any corporation with autonomous

1449

00:50:54,609 --> 00:50:52,999

car research I expect there would be

1450

00:50:58,329 --> 00:50:54,619

similar challenges and opportunities for

1451  
00:51:01,359 --> 00:50:58,339  
with communication and control so I

1452  
00:51:03,549 --> 00:51:01,369  
think the same principles of of

1453  
00:51:05,289 --> 00:51:03,559  
autonomous car autonomous vehicle

1454  
00:51:06,759 --> 00:51:05,299  
self-driving cars however you wish to

1455  
00:51:08,680 --> 00:51:06,769  
call it those some of those same

1456  
00:51:11,710 --> 00:51:08,690  
principles are I think important in

1457  
00:51:13,299 --> 00:51:11,720  
aviation as well so what can I

1458  
00:51:15,880 --> 00:51:13,309  
understand what my environment is

1459  
00:51:17,890 --> 00:51:15,890  
presenting to me right so do I have some

1460  
00:51:19,809 --> 00:51:17,900  
awareness of what my environment is for

1461  
00:51:21,130 --> 00:51:19,819  
airplanes that would involve or aircraft

1462  
00:51:23,769 --> 00:51:21,140  
and drones it would involve weather

1463  
00:51:25,480 --> 00:51:23,779

alright knowing how strong your

1464

00:51:27,700 --> 00:51:25,490

communication signal is to your base

1465

00:51:30,849 --> 00:51:27,710

operations but all of those same types

1466

00:51:32,849 --> 00:51:30,859

of questions about communication safe

1467

00:51:35,019 --> 00:51:32,859

communication reliable communication

1468

00:51:38,349 --> 00:51:35,029

understanding of the environment around

1469

00:51:39,609 --> 00:51:38,359

you being able to react appropriately to

1470

00:51:41,410 --> 00:51:39,619

the environment around you knowing the

1471

00:51:43,089 --> 00:51:41,420

rules of the road that Joey kind of

1472

00:51:44,650 --> 00:51:43,099

reference whether you're actually on the

1473

00:51:47,289 --> 00:51:44,660

road or flying and flying in the air

1474

00:51:52,420 --> 00:51:47,299

those are all same principles I'm glad

1475

00:51:53,829 --> 00:51:52,430

yeah yeah make sense cool I want to jump

1476

00:51:55,299 --> 00:51:53,839

back to another topic that I want to

1477

00:51:56,950 --> 00:51:55,309

make sure we don't miss of course one of

1478

00:51:59,229 --> 00:51:56,960

the coolest things I recently learned

1479

00:52:01,509 --> 00:51:59,239

about the urban air mobility research is

1480

00:52:03,370 --> 00:52:01,519

the simulation work that you guys do

1481

00:52:05,769 --> 00:52:03,380

yeah can you tell us about that yeah

1482

00:52:08,109 --> 00:52:05,779

sure so you know I think for all our

1483

00:52:10,359 --> 00:52:08,119

twitch fans out there you guys might

1484

00:52:13,150 --> 00:52:10,369

have Microsoft Flight Simulator have

1485

00:52:16,479 --> 00:52:13,160

used that so just like you could emulate

1486

00:52:20,259 --> 00:52:16,489

flying a Cessna or a piper or even like

1487

00:52:22,210 --> 00:52:20,269

a 747 we have advanced flight simulators

1488

00:52:23,829 --> 00:52:22,220

here at Ames they are kind of a

1489

00:52:25,690 --> 00:52:23,839

combination of flight simulators some

1490

00:52:27,549 --> 00:52:25,700

are fixed meaning they don't move and

1491

00:52:29,079 --> 00:52:27,559

some move and actually allow you to see

1492

00:52:30,670 --> 00:52:29,089

all feel all the forces that you would

1493

00:52:32,470 --> 00:52:30,680

experience like you were flying in in

1494

00:52:34,239 --> 00:52:32,480

real life so using we have a lots of

1495

00:52:36,069 --> 00:52:34,249

different kinds of simulators and it's

1496

00:52:38,109 --> 00:52:36,079

not just we have that the fact that we

1497

00:52:40,569 --> 00:52:38,119

have those simulators is that we have or

1498

00:52:42,309 --> 00:52:40,579

we're developing performance models for

1499

00:52:43,660 --> 00:52:42,319

these new types of vehicles and so we

1500

00:52:45,039 --> 00:52:43,670

can know then how they actually fly

1501  
00:52:47,240 --> 00:52:45,049  
right right I don't exist yet so you

1502  
00:52:49,310 --> 00:52:47,250  
have to invent the right model of it

1503  
00:52:51,470 --> 00:52:49,320  
right exactly it's to take some concept

1504  
00:52:53,510 --> 00:52:51,480  
vehicles understand how these vehicles

1505  
00:52:55,820 --> 00:52:53,520  
would fly with their performance be and

1506  
00:52:59,150 --> 00:52:55,830  
then how would they actually fly in an

1507  
00:53:00,320 --> 00:52:59,160  
emulated world in our airspace and go

1508  
00:53:02,300 --> 00:53:00,330  
through some of those same questions

1509  
00:53:04,790 --> 00:53:02,310  
overall been talking about now how do I

1510  
00:53:07,190 --> 00:53:04,800  
interact with my controls do I have a

1511  
00:53:09,380 --> 00:53:07,200  
joystick like I would for a helicopter

1512  
00:53:11,540 --> 00:53:09,390  
like a cyclic or do I have something

1513  
00:53:13,250 --> 00:53:11,550

else and what is that mode of

1514

00:53:14,570 --> 00:53:13,260

interaction those are questions that we

1515

00:53:16,880 --> 00:53:14,580

can also think about for these

1516

00:53:19,490 --> 00:53:16,890

simulators yeah along with how do i

1517

00:53:21,110 --> 00:53:19,500

interface with some new traffic

1518

00:53:22,760 --> 00:53:21,120

management system specifically for my

1519

00:53:24,470 --> 00:53:22,770

vehicles building off the work that

1520

00:53:25,820 --> 00:53:24,480

Joey's been doing so there's all kinds

1521

00:53:27,710 --> 00:53:25,830

of different things we can investigate

1522

00:53:28,700 --> 00:53:27,720

with these simulators right testing

1523

00:53:32,600 --> 00:53:28,710

everything and how it comes together

1524

00:53:36,950 --> 00:53:32,610

exactly yeah right and we're gonna see

1525

00:53:39,050 --> 00:53:36,960

what this looks like let's do that

1526  
00:53:42,290 --> 00:53:39,060  
simulation video and tell us what we're

1527  
00:53:45,140 --> 00:53:42,300  
seeing sure this is gonna be so this is

1528  
00:53:46,880 --> 00:53:45,150  
a video from one of our fixed base

1529  
00:53:49,250 --> 00:53:46,890  
flight simulators so flight simulator

1530  
00:53:51,830 --> 00:53:49,260  
that does not move this is what from one

1531  
00:53:53,930 --> 00:53:51,840  
of our researchers Mike fury and his

1532  
00:53:56,240 --> 00:53:53,940  
simulator here you can see that it shows

1533  
00:53:58,400 --> 00:53:56,250  
a vehicle taking off of vertically and

1534  
00:54:00,050 --> 00:53:58,410  
now it's moving forward in flight and

1535  
00:54:01,460 --> 00:54:00,060  
what's actually really interesting is

1536  
00:54:03,740 --> 00:54:01,470  
some of these vehicles as they move

1537  
00:54:05,300 --> 00:54:03,750  
forward in flight have this transition

1538  
00:54:07,520 --> 00:54:05,310

period because you have to transition

1539

00:54:09,860 --> 00:54:07,530

from vertical takeoff to forward flight

1540

00:54:11,690 --> 00:54:09,870

and helicopters that kind of occurs

1541

00:54:13,220 --> 00:54:11,700

instantaneously but for these vehicles

1542

00:54:14,960 --> 00:54:13,230

you're gonna have this transition period

1543

00:54:16,550 --> 00:54:14,970

and that's interesting to kind of

1544

00:54:18,800 --> 00:54:16,560

understand and now you can see the

1545

00:54:20,600 --> 00:54:18,810

vehicle flying in an urban center in

1546

00:54:23,060 --> 00:54:20,610

this case it's a model of San Francisco

1547

00:54:25,370 --> 00:54:23,070

and our simulators we can model almost

1548

00:54:27,020 --> 00:54:25,380

any type of urban environment or you

1549

00:54:29,000 --> 00:54:27,030

know any landscape that we wish to

1550

00:54:31,400 --> 00:54:29,010

understand or understand the procedures

1551  
00:54:33,620 --> 00:54:31,410  
of flying how would I land how would I

1552  
00:54:35,030 --> 00:54:33,630  
come in for my approach these are some

1553  
00:54:37,130 --> 00:54:35,040  
of the things that we can explore so you

1554  
00:54:39,260 --> 00:54:37,140  
can see this vehicle now coming in for

1555  
00:54:40,970 --> 00:54:39,270  
its approach and its landing and this is

1556  
00:54:42,650 --> 00:54:40,980  
an interesting question as you come in

1557  
00:54:44,180 --> 00:54:42,660  
for your approach and your landing you

1558  
00:54:46,310 --> 00:54:44,190  
can see that vehicle kind of pitch up a

1559  
00:54:47,930 --> 00:54:46,320  
little bit so how does that feel right

1560  
00:54:50,330 --> 00:54:47,940  
so if Joey and I we're sitting in the

1561  
00:54:52,280 --> 00:54:50,340  
back with coffees in hand yeah that

1562  
00:54:54,200 --> 00:54:52,290  
coffee spill or kind of how would we get

1563  
00:54:56,480 --> 00:54:54,210

a war me first

1564

00:54:58,610 --> 00:54:56,490

so understanding that passenger

1565

00:54:59,780 --> 00:54:58,620

experience is actually a really big part

1566

00:55:02,150 --> 00:54:59,790

of some of the work that these

1567

00:55:04,550 --> 00:55:02,160

simulators can do so it's not quite this

1568

00:55:06,830 --> 00:55:04,560

simulator but we have another motion

1569

00:55:08,390 --> 00:55:06,840

simulator that allows us to understand

1570

00:55:10,490 --> 00:55:08,400

what is the passion passenger experience

1571

00:55:12,320 --> 00:55:10,500

what are the forces of elements yeah

1572

00:55:13,580 --> 00:55:12,330

what does it feel like right I'm glad

1573

00:55:16,100 --> 00:55:13,590

you're here

1574

00:55:27,830 --> 00:55:16,110

I got sick on a whale watch this year so

1575

00:55:30,020 --> 00:55:27,840

I would like you to find so these

1576

00:55:31,790 --> 00:55:30,030

simulators this this for me was one of

1577

00:55:33,530 --> 00:55:31,800

the coolest things I heard about do you

1578

00:55:34,880 --> 00:55:33,540

have a favorite aspect of this

1579

00:55:37,520 --> 00:55:34,890

researcher what's a really cool thing

1580

00:55:39,440 --> 00:55:37,530

you want to share yeah so I'd say the

1581

00:55:41,780 --> 00:55:39,450

number of questions that this research

1582

00:55:43,310 --> 00:55:41,790

is kind of highlighting is really

1583

00:55:45,650 --> 00:55:43,320

interesting and the fact that it's this

1584

00:55:49,430 --> 00:55:45,660

new era of aviation this new mode of

1585

00:55:51,800 --> 00:55:49,440

transportation is is very exciting so as

1586

00:55:54,110 --> 00:55:51,810

this technology kind of develops and

1587

00:55:55,340 --> 00:55:54,120

these these new vehicle configurations

1588

00:55:56,660 --> 00:55:55,350

come to life and we're starting to

1589

00:56:00,050 --> 00:55:56,670

explore them I think the really

1590

00:56:01,520 --> 00:56:00,060

interesting thing is that this is a area

1591

00:56:03,140 --> 00:56:01,530

of work that's going to continue

1592

00:56:04,730 --> 00:56:03,150

so all those folks that are interested

1593

00:56:06,680 --> 00:56:04,740

in understanding or maybe even

1594

00:56:08,780 --> 00:56:06,690

participating in this area you have a

1595

00:56:10,580 --> 00:56:08,790

chance to really be part of it so people

1596

00:56:12,620 --> 00:56:10,590

out there have a chance to be part of

1597

00:56:13,910 --> 00:56:12,630

this new era of Transportation they can

1598

00:56:15,560 --> 00:56:13,920

actually be involved which i think is

1599

00:56:17,270 --> 00:56:15,570

really neat right yeah this is by no

1600

00:56:19,790 --> 00:56:17,280

means finished and said all right we

1601  
00:56:24,080 --> 00:56:19,800  
ready help me exactly yeah awesome what

1602  
00:56:26,840 --> 00:56:24,090  
are you doing what I'm looking forward

1603  
00:56:28,130 --> 00:56:26,850  
to or whatever yeah you know just taking

1604  
00:56:28,430 --> 00:56:28,140  
a step back and looking at it from the

1605  
00:56:30,020 --> 00:56:28,440  
outside

1606  
00:56:33,350 --> 00:56:30,030  
ameri-ghen a little closer to being

1607  
00:56:35,420 --> 00:56:33,360  
Jetsons world right we're talking about

1608  
00:56:38,570 --> 00:56:35,430  
flying cars before yeah you know we're

1609  
00:56:39,350 --> 00:56:38,580  
still a few steps away from that but you

1610  
00:56:41,240 --> 00:56:39,360  
know we're getting there

1611  
00:56:42,560 --> 00:56:41,250  
we're gonna hopefully have some more

1612  
00:56:43,160 --> 00:56:42,570  
operations in the urban environment than

1613  
00:56:44,570 --> 00:56:43,170

we had before

1614

00:56:45,830 --> 00:56:44,580

great they're gonna happen safely

1615

00:56:47,750 --> 00:56:45,840

they're gonna get us closer to exactly

1616

00:56:48,410 --> 00:56:47,760

where we want to go it's real it's

1617

00:56:50,660 --> 00:56:48,420

really neat to see

1618

00:56:53,769 --> 00:56:50,670

that's totally cool yeah

1619

00:56:56,690 --> 00:56:53,779

got a bunch of questions piling up we do

1620

00:56:58,910 --> 00:56:56,700

yeah so eventually you were speaking

1621

00:57:00,589 --> 00:56:58,920

about like the pasture passenger

1622

00:57:02,690 --> 00:57:00,599

experience and things like that

1623

00:57:03,859 --> 00:57:02,700

legit twitch channel has a question well

1624

00:57:05,989 --> 00:57:03,869

people will be required to wear

1625

00:57:09,710 --> 00:57:05,999

parachutes what kind of safety measures

1626  
00:57:10,489 --> 00:57:09,720  
would we expect in oxygen masks life

1627  
00:57:12,170 --> 00:57:10,499  
jackets

1628  
00:57:14,299 --> 00:57:12,180  
things like that yeah I know and I think

1629  
00:57:15,769 --> 00:57:14,309  
that's a great question and it raises

1630  
00:57:18,049 --> 00:57:15,779  
the fact that as these vehicles are

1631  
00:57:20,690 --> 00:57:18,059  
getting certified there is that aspect

1632  
00:57:22,640 --> 00:57:20,700  
of ensuring safe operations and in the

1633  
00:57:24,229 --> 00:57:22,650  
case of off-nominal events ensuring that

1634  
00:57:26,089 --> 00:57:24,239  
those folks on board have the

1635  
00:57:29,390 --> 00:57:26,099  
appropriate mechanisms to ensure safety

1636  
00:57:31,220 --> 00:57:29,400  
of Larry right so just like we have the

1637  
00:57:32,900 --> 00:57:31,230  
safety briefing we all love to sit in

1638  
00:57:35,749 --> 00:57:32,910

when we get when we go fly on the

1639

00:57:37,999 --> 00:57:35,759

aircraft there has to be some think most

1640

00:57:39,920 --> 00:57:38,009

likely similar for for passenger

1641

00:57:42,200 --> 00:57:39,930

carrying vehicles even if they're urban

1642

00:57:44,239 --> 00:57:42,210

air mobility vehicles so safety is the

1643

00:57:46,309 --> 00:57:44,249

number-one concern for us for the FAA

1644

00:57:48,410 --> 00:57:46,319

and for industry that's developing these

1645

00:57:49,849 --> 00:57:48,420

vehicles so there will most likely be

1646

00:57:57,410 --> 00:57:49,859

something similar yeah we just don't

1647

00:57:59,690 --> 00:57:57,420

know quite what yet Johnny cz 25 trying

1648

00:58:03,109 --> 00:57:59,700

to pronounce these names

1649

00:58:04,789 --> 00:58:03,119

well the will it have aircraft cameras

1650

00:58:08,839 --> 00:58:04,799

with special software to create a

1651  
00:58:12,579 --> 00:58:08,849  
landing point I know that you have

1652  
00:58:14,839 --> 00:58:12,589  
worked on yeah landing so there is ins

1653  
00:58:20,660 --> 00:58:14,849  
there's a there's a lot in that question

1654  
00:58:23,120 --> 00:58:20,670  
yeah because it it speaks to the number

1655  
00:58:24,680 --> 00:58:23,130  
of ways you can accomplish things right

1656  
00:58:26,870 --> 00:58:24,690  
so yes you even you look at the small

1657  
00:58:29,450 --> 00:58:26,880  
drones they do have cameras of different

1658  
00:58:31,519 --> 00:58:29,460  
types that help identify if a landing

1659  
00:58:32,660 --> 00:58:31,529  
location is safe to land or not because

1660  
00:58:34,489 --> 00:58:32,670  
you can plan ahead of time I'm going to

1661  
00:58:35,779 --> 00:58:34,499  
land in this open field right and I'm

1662  
00:58:37,489 --> 00:58:35,789  
gonna go there and I'm gonna land that

1663  
00:58:38,960 --> 00:58:37,499

everything's good but you get there and

1664

00:58:40,640 --> 00:58:38,970

there's a car there or people are having

1665

00:58:42,109 --> 00:58:40,650

a picnic right right do you have a

1666

00:58:43,549 --> 00:58:42,119

system on board that can help you

1667

00:58:45,920 --> 00:58:43,559

identify that and then go to an

1668

00:58:47,930 --> 00:58:45,930

alternate location so some visual

1669

00:58:49,099 --> 00:58:47,940

technology is used to do that some of

1670

00:58:51,579 --> 00:58:49,109

that has been developed at NASA Langley

1671

00:58:54,470 --> 00:58:51,589

for example to do those sorts of things

1672

00:58:55,999 --> 00:58:54,480

and in general when they're planning

1673

00:58:57,620 --> 00:58:56,009

their operations there would be some

1674

00:58:58,940 --> 00:58:57,630

visualization probably of where they

1675

00:59:01,400 --> 00:58:58,950

would like to go and how they would like

1676  
00:59:02,530 --> 00:59:01,410  
to get there so you could put a point on

1677  
00:59:03,760 --> 00:59:02,540  
a screen and then that

1678  
00:59:05,350 --> 00:59:03,770  
be translated into a flight plan and

1679  
00:59:07,450 --> 00:59:05,360  
that can be communicated to the system

1680  
00:59:09,460 --> 00:59:07,460  
all these things are things that are

1681  
00:59:11,650 --> 00:59:09,470  
possible and we've seen examples of

1682  
00:59:15,460 --> 00:59:11,660  
already yeah yeah Annie okay so you're

1683  
00:59:17,260 --> 00:59:15,470  
all over that hate on that yeah we have

1684  
00:59:20,440 --> 00:59:17,270  
a question here

1685  
00:59:21,970 --> 00:59:20,450  
goofy joy resonator ticket game says if

1686  
00:59:24,190 --> 00:59:21,980  
you could snap your fingers and solve

1687  
00:59:25,500 --> 00:59:24,200  
one aspect of industrial drone flight

1688  
00:59:31,630 --> 00:59:25,510

what would it be

1689

00:59:33,640 --> 00:59:31,640

question I mean if you can solve the

1690

00:59:36,010 --> 00:59:33,650

detect and avoid problem for all

1691

00:59:37,780 --> 00:59:36,020

vehicles in all classes with a sample of

1692

00:59:40,270 --> 00:59:37,790

a finger that that was doing live right

1693

00:59:41,590 --> 00:59:40,280

so that that's that's the last layer

1694

00:59:43,690 --> 00:59:41,600

safety right how do you make sure that I

1695

00:59:45,270 --> 00:59:43,700

see that thing that's coming at me and

1696

00:59:48,370 --> 00:59:45,280

it's very close and I'm out of its way

1697

00:59:50,170 --> 00:59:48,380

that means one drone being able to see

1698

00:59:52,120 --> 00:59:50,180

another one coming and move each drone

1699

00:59:53,740 --> 00:59:52,130

could avoid the things that needs to

1700

00:59:55,870 --> 00:59:53,750

avoid whether they're static things on

1701  
00:59:57,160 --> 00:59:55,880  
the ground okay um maybe yesterday there

1702  
00:59:58,870 --> 00:59:57,170  
wasn't a crane there and today there is

1703  
01:00:01,330 --> 00:59:58,880  
a crane there right and that's not on my

1704  
01:00:02,860 --> 01:00:01,340  
maps how do I detect that as well as

1705  
01:00:04,630 --> 01:00:02,870  
other things flying in the air whether

1706  
01:00:05,950 --> 01:00:04,640  
it's a traditional Cessna with a real

1707  
01:00:08,830 --> 01:00:05,960  
pilot on board that can't see your

1708  
01:00:10,690 --> 01:00:08,840  
little drone yeah or maybe doesn't have

1709  
01:00:13,810 --> 01:00:10,700  
the same maneuverability as an urban air

1710  
01:00:16,000 --> 01:00:13,820  
mobility vehicle how do how do these

1711  
01:00:17,680 --> 01:00:16,010  
vehicles detect those problems and then

1712  
01:00:19,600 --> 01:00:17,690  
avoid them right if you could solve that

1713  
01:00:21,700 --> 01:00:19,610

problem you you get a long way towards a

1714

01:00:23,470 --> 01:00:21,710

lot of the safety questions that need to

1715

01:00:24,940 --> 01:00:23,480

be answered yeah and there's a lot of

1716

01:00:25,960 --> 01:00:24,950

ways to do that and there's a lot of

1717

01:00:28,330 --> 01:00:25,970

folks working on that and there's some

1718

01:00:29,470 --> 01:00:28,340

very good solutions toward it but if it

1719

01:00:32,760 --> 01:00:29,480

could be universally solved that would

1720

01:00:37,630 --> 01:00:35,380

how about this one from hovercat will

1721

01:00:41,500 --> 01:00:37,640

the flight controllers and software

1722

01:00:41,950 --> 01:00:41,510

firmware be open-source it's something

1723

01:00:44,050 --> 01:00:41,960

to think about

1724

01:00:46,710 --> 01:00:44,060

yeah so that's an interesting question

1725

01:00:48,760 --> 01:00:46,720

for some of these vehicles you're their

1726

01:00:50,950 --> 01:00:48,770

manufacturers that are developing some

1727

01:00:52,570 --> 01:00:50,960

of these vehicles are have a whole host

1728

01:00:54,580 --> 01:00:52,580

of configurations and some of them are

1729

01:00:56,140 --> 01:00:54,590

working with the traditional flight

1730

01:00:57,460 --> 01:00:56,150

management computers or flight

1731

01:00:59,050 --> 01:00:57,470

management systems that you have in

1732

01:01:02,140 --> 01:00:59,060

commercial aircraft today and some are

1733

01:01:03,910 --> 01:01:02,150

some are you you know depending on the

1734

01:01:06,250 --> 01:01:03,920

safety cases as well as the secure

1735

01:01:08,920 --> 01:01:06,260

communication piece that's required it

1736

01:01:11,470 --> 01:01:08,930

might not be quite open-source but just

1737

01:01:13,390 --> 01:01:11,480

like we have simulators today that help

1738

01:01:15,750 --> 01:01:13,400

us understand the performance as well as

1739

01:01:17,340 --> 01:01:15,760

the controls for those vehicles I'm sure

1740

01:01:18,780 --> 01:01:17,350

something similar will be developed so

1741

01:01:20,700 --> 01:01:18,790

that folks out there who want to try

1742

01:01:22,710 --> 01:01:20,710

them out or can want to fly them and and

1743

01:01:25,290 --> 01:01:22,720

their own simulator will be able to do

1744

01:01:27,900 --> 01:01:25,300

so but as as the industry is developing

1745

01:01:29,670 --> 01:01:27,910

their tools they're pulling from you

1746

01:01:31,260 --> 01:01:29,680

know existing tools for flip for flight

1747

01:01:32,520 --> 01:01:31,270

controls today as well as developing

1748

01:01:34,560 --> 01:01:32,530

their own so it's kind of a mixed bag

1749

01:01:36,570 --> 01:01:34,570

right now okay yeah you know for the

1750

01:01:37,410 --> 01:01:36,580

small drones we're looking at in and

1751

01:01:39,510 --> 01:01:37,420

generally everything should be

1752

01:01:41,040 --> 01:01:39,520

performance based can you do that how

1753

01:01:42,540 --> 01:01:41,050

can you prove you can stay within the

1754

01:01:45,030 --> 01:01:42,550

bounds of a certain performance envelope

1755

01:01:46,950 --> 01:01:45,040

okay like I know I can control my

1756

01:01:48,570 --> 01:01:46,960

vehicle under all these conditions and I

1757

01:01:50,010 --> 01:01:48,580

can show you how I do that

1758

01:01:52,920 --> 01:01:50,020

mm-hmm now that may mean you use an

1759

01:01:55,110 --> 01:01:52,930

open-source pieces or everything's open

1760

01:01:56,850 --> 01:01:55,120

source or not I can't say that if there

1761

01:01:58,910 --> 01:01:56,860

was a single open source solution for a

1762

01:02:01,050 --> 01:01:58,920

piece of that and it was proven to

1763

01:02:03,000 --> 01:02:01,060

perform in a certain way then that would

1764

01:02:04,440 --> 01:02:03,010

be very valuable yeah but I don't think

1765

01:02:06,480 --> 01:02:04,450

it'll be a requirement that everyone

1766

01:02:10,380 --> 01:02:06,490

uses an open source in particular

1767

01:02:12,090 --> 01:02:10,390

element okay yeah yeah I see another

1768

01:02:13,880 --> 01:02:12,100

question here but you made me think of

1769

01:02:16,650 --> 01:02:13,890

it you mentioned the word security so

1770

01:02:18,150 --> 01:02:16,660

legit twitch channel s could drones be

1771

01:02:19,830 --> 01:02:18,160

subject to hackers will there be

1772

01:02:24,000 --> 01:02:19,840

security measures in place to repel

1773

01:02:24,930 --> 01:02:24,010

unwanted or harmful signals so the

1774

01:02:29,160 --> 01:02:24,940

answer the first question is yes

1775

01:02:31,560 --> 01:02:29,170

definitely I mean any any piece of IT

1776

01:02:33,150 --> 01:02:31,570

technology right it can be some

1777

01:02:36,270 --> 01:02:33,160

potentially that's right if it's not

1778

01:02:38,610 --> 01:02:36,280

built correctly so the answer is yes and

1779

01:02:42,480 --> 01:02:38,620

again it's part of not necessarily

1780

01:02:44,670 --> 01:02:42,490

getting to you want to be as secure as

1781

01:02:46,890 --> 01:02:44,680

possible at all layers but in general we

1782

01:02:49,290 --> 01:02:46,900

know that's not likely to happen so how

1783

01:02:50,520 --> 01:02:49,300

do you build enough layers and such that

1784

01:02:52,740 --> 01:02:50,530

as you layer them all on top of each

1785

01:02:54,210 --> 01:02:52,750

other that overall the whole thing stays

1786

01:02:55,890 --> 01:02:54,220

secure right it's kind of a Swiss cheese

1787

01:02:57,180 --> 01:02:55,900

approach they call if you layer the

1788

01:02:58,110 --> 01:02:57,190

Swiss cheese in certain ways you cover

1789

01:03:02,880 --> 01:02:58,120

up all the holes and you can't see

1790

01:03:04,860 --> 01:03:02,890

through it security I think that's what

1791

01:03:06,720 --> 01:03:04,870

you want to look at with these drones so

1792

01:03:08,790 --> 01:03:06,730

that even if a given drone was hacked

1793

01:03:10,230 --> 01:03:08,800

let's say that it can't cause damage to

1794

01:03:10,620 --> 01:03:10,240

the further system or the folks on the

1795

01:03:12,330 --> 01:03:10,630

ground

1796

01:03:14,370 --> 01:03:12,340

does it have other safety mechanisms to

1797

01:03:16,500 --> 01:03:14,380

make sure that no harm can really come

1798

01:03:18,390 --> 01:03:16,510

from that so there's a lot of work in

1799

01:03:19,740 --> 01:03:18,400

cyber security related to not just the

1800

01:03:21,480 --> 01:03:19,750

drones themselves but the traffic

1801  
01:03:22,620 --> 01:03:21,490  
management system as a whole that if

1802  
01:03:22,800 --> 01:03:22,630  
that was hacked that would be bad as

1803  
01:03:23,760 --> 01:03:22,810  
well

1804  
01:03:24,920 --> 01:03:23,770  
right so how do you build all these

1805  
01:03:27,050 --> 01:03:24,930  
layers and yeah

1806  
01:03:29,090 --> 01:03:27,060  
yeah I think security has to be the

1807  
01:03:31,040 --> 01:03:29,100  
vehicle itself the communication

1808  
01:03:32,780 --> 01:03:31,050  
protocols between the vehicles and their

1809  
01:03:34,580 --> 01:03:32,790  
operators so there's like Joey was

1810  
01:03:36,650 --> 01:03:34,590  
saying multiple layers of security are

1811  
01:03:38,360 --> 01:03:36,660  
really required so anything that's

1812  
01:03:40,160 --> 01:03:38,370  
learned from this fear of drones can be

1813  
01:03:41,810 --> 01:03:40,170

obviously applied to other types of

1814

01:03:43,460 --> 01:03:41,820

vehicles as well so it's a question

1815

01:03:44,420 --> 01:03:43,470

that's something applicable for all all

1816

01:03:46,760 --> 01:03:44,430

vehicles

1817

01:03:48,440 --> 01:03:46,770

yeah all right good and general research

1818

01:03:49,970 --> 01:03:48,450

wise we like to consider security a

1819

01:03:51,260 --> 01:03:49,980

first-class citizen in the research

1820

01:03:52,790 --> 01:03:51,270

process right it's not something you

1821

01:03:54,560 --> 01:03:52,800

tack on at the end there's nothing you

1822

01:03:56,450 --> 01:03:54,570

make sure you're thinking about an

1823

01:03:58,280 --> 01:03:56,460

engaging industry within the FA with and

1824

01:03:59,480 --> 01:03:58,290

cybersecurity professionals with as you

1825

01:04:00,500 --> 01:03:59,490

build up the system because you don't

1826

01:04:02,570 --> 01:04:00,510

want to come up again with a great

1827

01:04:03,800 --> 01:04:02,580

technological solution that easily

1828

01:04:05,450 --> 01:04:03,810

hacked and the whole thing falls apart

1829

01:04:06,830 --> 01:04:05,460

breaks so you want to make sure its

1830

01:04:13,520 --> 01:04:06,840

robust from the beginning yeah exactly

1831

01:04:17,510 --> 01:04:13,530

consider that a long way yeah how third

1832

01:04:20,770 --> 01:04:17,520

I just totally butchered your name how

1833

01:04:23,990 --> 01:04:20,780

do you deal with increased radio traffic

1834

01:04:25,880 --> 01:04:24,000

yeah so I it there's probably a couple

1835

01:04:26,900 --> 01:04:25,890

pieces of that one is like overuse of a

1836

01:04:28,250 --> 01:04:26,910

given channel right there's just too

1837

01:04:31,130 --> 01:04:28,260

many people talking on his chat sake

1838

01:04:34,460 --> 01:04:31,140

right and there's also just kind of a

1839

01:04:35,960 --> 01:04:34,470

certain band being overused

1840

01:04:37,640 --> 01:04:35,970

for example command control we talked

1841

01:04:39,140 --> 01:04:37,650

about earlier that's one of the things

1842

01:04:41,210 --> 01:04:39,150

we looked at in our flight test in Reno

1843

01:04:43,280 --> 01:04:41,220

and Corpus Christi was for these small

1844

01:04:46,160 --> 01:04:43,290

drones command control different

1845

01:04:47,720 --> 01:04:46,170

different radio frequencies we use when

1846

01:04:49,700 --> 01:04:47,730

do they get saturated when do you have

1847

01:04:51,230 --> 01:04:49,710

problems with them turns out if you you

1848

01:04:52,220 --> 01:04:51,240

know if you fly near an apartment

1849

01:04:55,340 --> 01:04:52,230

building there's a lot of people with

1850

01:04:56,270 --> 01:04:55,350

Wi-Fi routers and if you're conflicting

1851  
01:04:58,220 --> 01:04:56,280  
with that you may have trouble

1852  
01:04:59,840 --> 01:04:58,230  
communicating with their drone these are

1853  
01:05:01,490 --> 01:04:59,850  
really known issues but actually kind of

1854  
01:05:04,880 --> 01:05:01,500  
taking a look at it in a real open

1855  
01:05:07,160 --> 01:05:04,890  
environment was important and I would

1856  
01:05:08,960 --> 01:05:07,170  
kind of add to that you would have you

1857  
01:05:11,330 --> 01:05:08,970  
would want to understand what kind of

1858  
01:05:13,280 --> 01:05:11,340  
concept would not saturate like a radio

1859  
01:05:15,350 --> 01:05:13,290  
frequency too much so you want to ensure

1860  
01:05:17,630 --> 01:05:15,360  
that any concept that's being developed

1861  
01:05:19,460 --> 01:05:17,640  
Joey has mentioned that air traffic

1862  
01:05:21,830 --> 01:05:19,470  
controllers may not want to be talking

1863  
01:05:23,660 --> 01:05:21,840

to every one of those every one of those

1864

01:05:26,300 --> 01:05:23,670

UAM vehicles so that's part of the

1865

01:05:28,130 --> 01:05:26,310

concept so understanding hey how is this

1866

01:05:29,840 --> 01:05:28,140

actually gonna work that's a really

1867

01:05:31,970 --> 01:05:29,850

important part of ensuring that we don't

1868

01:05:33,950 --> 01:05:31,980

saturate certain pieces that we know

1869

01:05:36,410 --> 01:05:33,960

have limits to them and that includes

1870

01:05:37,800 --> 01:05:36,420

spectrum as well as frequency so that's

1871

01:05:39,660 --> 01:05:37,810

coast but that goes

1872

01:05:42,060 --> 01:05:39,670

to the foundational research what's the

1873

01:05:44,280 --> 01:05:42,070

concept of operations yeah a lot of what

1874

01:05:45,990 --> 01:05:44,290

you've been saying today is plan for

1875

01:05:48,060 --> 01:05:46,000

that right challenge

1876

01:05:51,230 --> 01:05:48,070

I know figure out what it is today and

1877

01:05:53,190 --> 01:05:51,240

yeah and plan around it yeah here's a

1878

01:05:55,380 --> 01:05:53,200

turbine air mobility question from

1879

01:05:56,910 --> 01:05:55,390

widget tricks channel again could this

1880

01:05:58,830 --> 01:05:56,920

research eventually lead to people being

1881

01:06:01,860 --> 01:05:58,840

able to own and operate their own air

1882

01:06:03,480 --> 01:06:01,870

taxi do you think that's coming yeah I

1883

01:06:05,910 --> 01:06:03,490

think there's gonna be lots of different

1884

01:06:08,460 --> 01:06:05,920

use cases and modes of flying I think

1885

01:06:10,590 --> 01:06:08,470

there's gonna be cases where some made

1886

01:06:12,900 --> 01:06:10,600

maybe some folks may be able to own

1887

01:06:15,930 --> 01:06:12,910

their own vehicles most likely you'll be

1888

01:06:17,940 --> 01:06:15,940

serviced like we use today we've seen a

1889

01:06:20,160 --> 01:06:17,950

big rise in service based technology

1890

01:06:22,650 --> 01:06:20,170

right so we're all used whether it's

1891

01:06:24,960 --> 01:06:22,660

vehicles or food delivery services yes

1892

01:06:28,170 --> 01:06:24,970

right so we've seen more of that coming

1893

01:06:30,720 --> 01:06:28,180

along so most likely urban air mobility

1894

01:06:32,760 --> 01:06:30,730

will be accessible as a surface service

1895

01:06:34,860 --> 01:06:32,770

but who knows right you know maybe we

1896

01:06:36,870 --> 01:06:34,870

can all really be the Jetsons so Joey's

1897

01:06:40,320 --> 01:06:36,880

vision of the future may come to life

1898

01:06:42,270 --> 01:06:40,330

yeah we're close it's funny I mentioned

1899

01:06:43,950 --> 01:06:42,280

the Jetsons and yet like when I told my

1900

01:06:45,840 --> 01:06:43,960

mom we were talking about drones on the

1901

01:06:48,120 --> 01:06:45,850

show today she said oh like the Bruce

1902

01:07:02,040 --> 01:06:48,130

Willis movie like element that was like

1903

01:07:03,690 --> 01:07:02,050

yeah mom exactly like that because a

1904

01:07:05,910 --> 01:07:03,700

question from hurricanes

1905

01:07:11,760 --> 01:07:05,920

what's your a reasonable tip for a

1906

01:07:14,130 --> 01:07:11,770

flying taxi driver great question so I

1907

01:07:15,690 --> 01:07:14,140

would say I go back to like the

1908

01:07:17,520 --> 01:07:15,700

foundation so what is the National

1909

01:07:18,720 --> 01:07:17,530

Airspace you gotta know your rules of

1910

01:07:20,850 --> 01:07:18,730

the road you have to know your

1911

01:07:22,800 --> 01:07:20,860

procedures you have to know your safety

1912

01:07:25,260 --> 01:07:22,810

and your certification aspects if you

1913

01:07:26,910 --> 01:07:25,270

know those right you can fly safely and

1914

01:07:28,890 --> 01:07:26,920

get to where you want to go from point A

1915

01:07:30,390 --> 01:07:28,900

to point B you have to have those

1916

01:07:32,160 --> 01:07:30,400

foundations just get like a driver's

1917

01:07:33,780 --> 01:07:32,170

license before you operate great you've

1918

01:07:36,330 --> 01:07:33,790

got to have some sort of certification

1919

01:07:38,490 --> 01:07:36,340

before you before you fly yeah for sure

1920

01:07:41,450 --> 01:07:38,500

yeah the old joke is what a Seabiscuit

1921

01:07:43,440 --> 01:07:41,460

in the third that's my tip so that's it

1922

01:07:46,110 --> 01:07:43,450

you guys actually understood that

1923

01:07:48,760 --> 01:07:46,120

question differently I was taking it I

1924

01:07:56,800 --> 01:07:48,770

was gonna say 10% 15%

1925

01:08:00,520 --> 01:07:56,810

my hairdresser what's the tip in a

1926

01:08:02,830 --> 01:08:00,530

right relationship it's awkward but am I

1927

01:08:04,720 --> 01:08:02,840

saying I want all of all of the advice

1928

01:08:05,980 --> 01:08:04,730

that she finds we gave I want my driver

1929

01:08:08,740 --> 01:08:05,990

yes

1930

01:08:10,030 --> 01:08:08,750

he Tyvek well read up on all of that

1931

01:08:11,800 --> 01:08:10,040

right right

1932

01:08:16,510 --> 01:08:11,810

all right well let's take a few more

1933

01:08:18,550 --> 01:08:16,520

yeah we have Joseph urban here says well

1934

01:08:21,960 --> 01:08:18,560

cargo air taxis be allowed to fly

1935

01:08:24,910 --> 01:08:21,970

autonomously before passenger air taxis

1936

01:08:27,849 --> 01:08:24,920

so maybe Joey and I will tag-team this

1937

01:08:31,660 --> 01:08:27,859

one but I'll start I think as autonomous

1938

01:08:33,280 --> 01:08:31,670

applications come forth certification I

1939

01:08:35,200 --> 01:08:33,290

go back to that because that's also part

1940

01:08:37,360 --> 01:08:35,210

of this how do you certify and an

1941

01:08:39,820 --> 01:08:37,370

autonomous system right so that's a

1942

01:08:41,940 --> 01:08:39,830

question that we have and we're doing

1943

01:08:44,860 --> 01:08:41,950

research to explore what that means

1944

01:08:47,650 --> 01:08:44,870

generally folks do believe you know car

1945

01:08:48,910 --> 01:08:47,660

flying cargo may come before flying

1946

01:08:51,490 --> 01:08:48,920

passengers right just as a natural

1947

01:08:53,410 --> 01:08:51,500

progression but there are still lots of

1948

01:08:55,630 --> 01:08:53,420

questions even if you're a cargo

1949

01:08:57,730 --> 01:08:55,640

autonomous flight mm-hmm yeah no I

1950

01:08:59,890 --> 01:08:57,740

totally agree I think but cargo stuff is

1951

01:09:01,769 --> 01:08:59,900

where we'll learn a lot probably before

1952

01:09:03,940 --> 01:09:01,779

the passenger stuff but that's a

1953

01:09:05,289 --> 01:09:03,950

somewhat separate question from how

1954

01:09:06,550 --> 01:09:05,299

autonomous they're allowed to be in the

1955

01:09:08,260 --> 01:09:06,560

air space how do they prove that they

1956

01:09:10,180 --> 01:09:08,270

can still stay safe you know you have

1957

01:09:12,280 --> 01:09:10,190

the benefit of not having people on

1958

01:09:13,480 --> 01:09:12,290

board but you still can't have it doing

1959

01:09:15,400 --> 01:09:13,490

bad things in the air space or to

1960

01:09:16,900 --> 01:09:15,410

anything on the ground right so there's

1961

01:09:18,789 --> 01:09:16,910

a lot of questions to answer but I would

1962

01:09:21,700 --> 01:09:18,799

guess yeah a lot of the things in cargo

1963

01:09:23,530 --> 01:09:21,710

would happen prior to passenger activity

1964

01:09:25,000 --> 01:09:23,540

mm-hmm make sense I think it goes back

1965

01:09:26,710 --> 01:09:25,010

to what you said Joey its performance

1966

01:09:28,510 --> 01:09:26,720

based solution right so let's understand

1967

01:09:30,010 --> 01:09:28,520

the performance of these vehicles and

1968

01:09:31,570 --> 01:09:30,020

then how do we integrate them into our

1969

01:09:32,910 --> 01:09:31,580

national air space you know those are

1970

01:09:35,440 --> 01:09:32,920

still the questions that need to be

1971

01:09:38,200 --> 01:09:35,450

resolved yeah always the same cool

1972

01:09:40,240 --> 01:09:38,210

here's a cool idea from space TV net

1973

01:09:42,510 --> 01:09:40,250

they're asking will augmented reality be

1974

01:09:45,789 --> 01:09:42,520

used to display virtual roads in the sky

1975

01:09:48,099 --> 01:09:45,799

could you do that yeah definitely can we

1976

01:09:49,480 --> 01:09:48,109

sort of have and we've seen it and we've

1977

01:09:51,099 --> 01:09:49,490

done a little bit here as well awesome

1978

01:09:53,140 --> 01:09:51,109

and the roads you know it can be as

1979

01:09:54,910 --> 01:09:53,150

simple as just you know cylinders that

1980

01:09:56,080 --> 01:09:54,920

you know you have to stay within but

1981

01:09:58,030 --> 01:09:56,090

again when we're getting to these beyond

1982

01:09:59,320 --> 01:09:58,040

visual insight things and there's not

1983

01:10:00,430 --> 01:09:59,330

necessarily a pilot on board for the

1984

01:10:03,300 --> 01:10:00,440

small drones

1985

01:10:06,459 --> 01:10:03,310

obviously be hard to carry a pilot um

1986

01:10:09,130 --> 01:10:06,469

you know it it is more about how much

1987

01:10:11,350 --> 01:10:09,140

can s be an autonomous operation right

1988

01:10:13,209 --> 01:10:11,360

but visualizing your plan visualizing

1989

01:10:16,330 --> 01:10:13,219

the airspace structure visualizing

1990

01:10:18,459 --> 01:10:16,340

different aspects of your operation

1991

01:10:20,470 --> 01:10:18,469

augmented reality could be a key part of

1992

01:10:22,410 --> 01:10:20,480

that we actually tested some of that in

1993

01:10:25,270 --> 01:10:22,420

Texas as well we had folks with the

1994

01:10:26,860 --> 01:10:25,280

goggles on looking at the data from the

1995

01:10:29,050 --> 01:10:26,870

air traffic side as well as the

1996

01:10:30,640 --> 01:10:29,060

management side of that and interacting

1997

01:10:32,410 --> 01:10:30,650

with the aircraft in the air in terms of

1998

01:10:34,000 --> 01:10:32,420

you know zooming in on them and saying

1999

01:10:36,670 --> 01:10:34,010

information that's available digitally

2000

01:10:39,040 --> 01:10:36,680

so you could see folks managing in a

2001  
01:10:40,900 --> 01:10:39,050  
dense environment maybe just being aware

2002  
01:10:42,310 --> 01:10:40,910  
of everything that's going on it could

2003  
01:10:43,660 --> 01:10:42,320  
have a lot of value so yeah a lot of

2004  
01:10:45,760 --> 01:10:43,670  
some work is actually going on in that

2005  
01:10:47,890 --> 01:10:45,770  
direction already that's awesome that

2006  
01:10:52,689 --> 01:10:47,900  
seems like a perfect use for that kind

2007  
01:10:56,350 --> 01:10:52,699  
of psychology yeah yeah we have a

2008  
01:10:57,850 --> 01:10:56,360  
question here from Megaman bxr do you

2009  
01:11:00,100 --> 01:10:57,860  
think drones will play a bigger part in

2010  
01:11:04,630 --> 01:11:00,110  
crime prevention ie monitor the streets

2011  
01:11:05,650 --> 01:11:04,640  
overhead in real time etc we already

2012  
01:11:07,959 --> 01:11:05,660  
know that a lot of public safety

2013  
01:11:10,840 --> 01:11:07,969

organizations are looking at using

2014

01:11:13,150 --> 01:11:10,850

drones more and more um yeah and if you

2015

01:11:14,200 --> 01:11:13,160

think about safety and security one of

2016

01:11:15,820 --> 01:11:14,210

the big things we've seen a lot of

2017

01:11:17,320 --> 01:11:15,830

success on you can just see it in the

2018

01:11:21,310 --> 01:11:17,330

news is you know search and rescue

2019

01:11:23,709 --> 01:11:21,320

operations cities are able to buy these

2020

01:11:25,270 --> 01:11:23,719

drones that can actually see heat on the

2021

01:11:27,930 --> 01:11:25,280

ground so at night they can be flying

2022

01:11:32,250 --> 01:11:27,940

and see a lost child in a field right

2023

01:11:34,300 --> 01:11:32,260

and and then send folks to that location

2024

01:11:36,520 --> 01:11:34,310

you know obviously you can do a lot of

2025

01:11:37,930 --> 01:11:36,530

good things with drones right yeah one

2026

01:11:39,700 --> 01:11:37,940

of the other use cases is a fire

2027

01:11:40,900 --> 01:11:39,710

department wanting to send a drone out

2028

01:11:42,729 --> 01:11:40,910

ahead of the truck because it can get

2029

01:11:44,830 --> 01:11:42,739

there faster to survey the scene before

2030

01:11:46,450 --> 01:11:44,840

the people get there to fight the fire

2031

01:11:48,910 --> 01:11:46,460

mm-hmm that's another use case that

2032

01:11:51,340 --> 01:11:48,920

people envision again the airspace has

2033

01:11:53,050 --> 01:11:51,350

to be ready for that go back to the the

2034

01:11:53,709 --> 01:11:53,060

hot dog drones you they have to get out

2035

01:11:56,080 --> 01:11:53,719

of the way of that

2036

01:11:59,890 --> 01:11:56,090

that fire drone coming through right so

2037

01:12:01,510 --> 01:11:59,900

without a unified a system to share that

2038

01:12:04,390 --> 01:12:01,520

information you can't really make that

2039

01:12:07,720 --> 01:12:04,400

happen completely but yeah there's a lot

2040

01:12:10,450 --> 01:12:07,730

of interest in from police and fire and

2041

01:12:11,849 --> 01:12:10,460

other agencies to use these for the

2042

01:12:13,439 --> 01:12:11,859

things that they already do

2043

01:12:15,540 --> 01:12:13,449

I think we already see a lot of

2044

01:12:17,520 --> 01:12:15,550

emergency response applications right I

2045

01:12:19,379 --> 01:12:17,530

think with the recent fires here in

2046

01:12:20,279 --> 01:12:19,389

California we saw some of that here as

2047

01:12:23,729 --> 01:12:20,289

well

2048

01:12:24,889 --> 01:12:23,739

and the tools provided a great insight

2049

01:12:27,209 --> 01:12:24,899

for some of those for example

2050

01:12:29,219 --> 01:12:27,219

firefighters to fight to fight the fires

2051  
01:12:31,859 --> 01:12:29,229  
that were we're blazing and then also

2052  
01:12:33,270 --> 01:12:31,869  
for like volcanic eruptions there's been

2053  
01:12:35,879 --> 01:12:33,280  
you there's been a whole host of other

2054  
01:12:37,770 --> 01:12:35,889  
use cases for surveying and providing

2055  
01:12:39,359 --> 01:12:37,780  
emergency response but like Joey was

2056  
01:12:41,159 --> 01:12:39,369  
saying we need the rules of the road

2057  
01:12:42,419 --> 01:12:41,169  
there right how these aircraft are going

2058  
01:12:43,949 --> 01:12:42,429  
to operate or these drones are gonna

2059  
01:12:45,689 --> 01:12:43,959  
operate to really enable them to do

2060  
01:12:47,250 --> 01:12:45,699  
their missions right and we think about

2061  
01:12:47,879 --> 01:12:47,260  
you know Public Safety keeping the

2062  
01:12:49,619 --> 01:12:47,889  
public safe

2063  
01:12:51,839 --> 01:12:49,629

but these drones can actually keep the

2064

01:12:53,639 --> 01:12:51,849

first responders safe as well right so

2065

01:12:55,979 --> 01:12:53,649

they can send a drone to the top of roof

2066

01:12:57,750 --> 01:12:55,989

to see bad guys or whatever it might be

2067

01:12:59,129 --> 01:12:57,760

or someone who might help without

2068

01:13:01,439 --> 01:12:59,139

actually putting people in harm's way

2069

01:13:03,270 --> 01:13:01,449

first right yeah so a publik safety does

2070

01:13:05,339 --> 01:13:03,280

go both ways so there's a lot of really

2071

01:13:07,439 --> 01:13:05,349

good uses for this in the police and

2072

01:13:08,909 --> 01:13:07,449

fire realm right and in some cases like

2073

01:13:10,799 --> 01:13:08,919

in a testing I didn't know in Corpus

2074

01:13:12,419 --> 01:13:10,809

Christi we had the fire department there

2075

01:13:14,009 --> 01:13:12,429

with their drone as well so working

2076

01:13:15,750 --> 01:13:14,019

closely with the research in helping

2077

01:13:17,369 --> 01:13:15,760

exactly yeah we had the fire department

2078

01:13:18,839 --> 01:13:17,379

as well Corpus Christi police and fire

2079

01:13:21,500 --> 01:13:18,849

were great partners awesome they're

2080

01:13:24,750 --> 01:13:21,510

organized by the FAA test site in Texas

2081

01:13:26,279 --> 01:13:24,760

and again they had drones already in

2082

01:13:28,020 --> 01:13:26,289

their inventory they're using them

2083

01:13:29,790 --> 01:13:28,030

permissions already you're participating

2084

01:13:31,619 --> 01:13:29,800

with us in the flight testing right yeah

2085

01:13:33,599 --> 01:13:31,629

getting some feedback on the concept as

2086

01:13:35,069 --> 01:13:33,609

a whole and us understanding how they

2087

01:13:37,109 --> 01:13:35,079

are to use their drones and make sure

2088

01:13:38,639 --> 01:13:37,119

that the traffic management system and

2089

01:13:40,049 --> 01:13:38,649

the concept still accommodates what they

2090

01:13:41,459 --> 01:13:40,059

would like to do yeah it's really

2091

01:13:43,919 --> 01:13:41,469

important to get that feedback early and

2092

01:13:45,569 --> 01:13:43,929

often so yeah we're already seeing these

2093

01:13:47,009 --> 01:13:45,579

agencies do that and the police were

2094

01:13:49,020 --> 01:13:47,019

interested in using it obviously to

2095

01:13:50,250 --> 01:13:49,030

identify drones right like if in the

2096

01:13:51,419 --> 01:13:50,260

future there's more of these in the air

2097

01:13:52,409 --> 01:13:51,429

they want to know that they're supposed

2098

01:13:53,489 --> 01:13:52,419

to be there or they're allowed to be

2099

01:13:55,979 --> 01:13:53,499

there or they're doing something good

2100

01:13:57,359 --> 01:13:55,989

and not bad so uh police who have an

2101  
01:13:59,279 --> 01:13:57,369  
interest in knowing that the airspace is

2102  
01:14:01,979 --> 01:13:59,289  
safe around the public as well of course

2103  
01:14:03,389 --> 01:14:01,989  
yeah yeah yeah I have a question here

2104  
01:14:05,469 --> 01:14:03,399  
that's making me picture the fifth

2105  
01:14:08,449 --> 01:14:05,479  
elements and

2106  
01:14:10,459 --> 01:14:08,459  
dohno asks with drones you can have many

2107  
01:14:12,339 --> 01:14:10,469  
many small missions starting and ending

2108  
01:14:14,419 --> 01:14:12,349  
constantly so how do you ensure

2109  
01:14:16,040 --> 01:14:14,429  
efficient use of airspace with an

2110  
01:14:18,049 --> 01:14:16,050  
unknown number of vehicles entering the

2111  
01:14:20,000 --> 01:14:18,059  
airspace at any time it sounds like a

2112  
01:14:21,739 --> 01:14:20,010  
lot of unknowns there's a lot of

2113  
01:14:24,589 --> 01:14:21,749

potential groans yeah and I think you do

2114

01:14:26,569 --> 01:14:24,599

want to take a step approach right a

2115

01:14:29,080 --> 01:14:26,579

gradual approach you know we don't have

2116

01:14:31,790 --> 01:14:29,090

to build the system right now to handle

2117

01:14:32,989 --> 01:14:31,800

20,000 operations a minute than a city

2118

01:14:33,979 --> 01:14:32,999

block right they don't have to have that

2119

01:14:36,979 --> 01:14:33,989

system ready today

2120

01:14:39,469 --> 01:14:36,989

yeah but how can you start to enable 30

2121

01:14:41,540 --> 01:14:39,479

40 50 operations over a city at once

2122

01:14:43,159 --> 01:14:41,550

right and then you'll start to see where

2123

01:14:45,350 --> 01:14:43,169

there are some issues with them sharing

2124

01:14:46,549 --> 01:14:45,360

the airspace or information so that they

2125

01:14:47,779 --> 01:14:46,559

can all accomplish what they want to do

2126  
01:14:48,979 --> 01:14:47,789  
and it slowly you can build up those

2127  
01:14:50,750 --> 01:14:48,989  
densities and that's kind of an our

2128  
01:14:52,219 --> 01:14:50,760  
approach in the research yeah and we see

2129  
01:14:53,540 --> 01:14:52,229  
that approach being adopted as well in

2130  
01:14:54,890 --> 01:14:53,550  
industry right as they come up with

2131  
01:14:57,259 --> 01:14:54,900  
standards around this based on our

2132  
01:14:59,600 --> 01:14:57,269  
research to help inform the use of the

2133  
01:15:01,459 --> 01:14:59,610  
airspace they're not looking to solve

2134  
01:15:02,959 --> 01:15:01,469  
the problem 20 years from now they want

2135  
01:15:04,790 --> 01:15:02,969  
to enable more and more operations today

2136  
01:15:07,069 --> 01:15:04,800  
and tomorrow and it is that scaled

2137  
01:15:08,149 --> 01:15:07,079  
approach so we'll come up with those

2138  
01:15:09,319 --> 01:15:08,159

solutions we want to make sure that the

2139

01:15:11,299 --> 01:15:09,329

architecture and the concept will

2140

01:15:14,330 --> 01:15:11,309

support them in the future don't box off

2141

01:15:16,489 --> 01:15:14,340

any solutions and and it's it's gonna

2142

01:15:18,319 --> 01:15:16,499

work it's it's gonna work and I would

2143

01:15:20,779 --> 01:15:18,329

even up level that complexity right so

2144

01:15:22,520 --> 01:15:20,789

you can have drones operating below 400

2145

01:15:24,350 --> 01:15:22,530

feet then above that you could have

2146

01:15:27,319 --> 01:15:24,360

these electric urban air mobility

2147

01:15:29,239 --> 01:15:27,329

vehicles flying across urban centers and

2148

01:15:30,770 --> 01:15:29,249

then above that your commercial air

2149

01:15:32,600 --> 01:15:30,780

traffic so how do you have

2150

01:15:34,699 --> 01:15:32,610

interoperability across all of those

2151

01:15:36,080 --> 01:15:34,709

layers and that same density of

2152

01:15:38,810 --> 01:15:36,090

operations and that's actually where

2153

01:15:40,580 --> 01:15:38,820

where the real fun research is kind of

2154

01:15:42,890 --> 01:15:40,590

like where where some of our work comes

2155

01:15:44,629 --> 01:15:42,900

into play is how do you have that air

2156

01:15:46,129 --> 01:15:44,639

traffic management system to support all

2157

01:15:48,589 --> 01:15:46,139

of these new entrants and all this

2158

01:15:50,419 --> 01:15:48,599

density of operations we respect in the

2159

01:15:52,489 --> 01:15:50,429

future right I'd raise you one up level

2160

01:15:53,899 --> 01:15:52,499

right now go 60,000 feet right so really

2161

01:15:56,029 --> 01:15:53,909

additional air traffic and then you have

2162

01:15:59,000 --> 01:15:56,039

folks that want to fly over 60,000 feet

2163

01:16:00,620 --> 01:15:59,010

rows no not maybe autonomous vehicles

2164

01:16:01,909 --> 01:16:00,630

maybe not but how do they show that

2165

01:16:03,439 --> 01:16:01,919

airspace up there with autonomous

2166

01:16:05,089 --> 01:16:03,449

vehicles how do they get up there first

2167

01:16:06,979 --> 01:16:05,099

and the phrase in an efficient way it's

2168

01:16:08,980 --> 01:16:06,989

actually busy exactly so all these

2169

01:16:11,290 --> 01:16:08,990

things have to interoperate and

2170

01:16:14,140 --> 01:16:11,300

to work well together yeah that's a

2171

01:16:19,750 --> 01:16:14,150

level of cartoon yeah oh I love space

2172

01:16:23,350 --> 01:16:19,760

for you don't take maybe one more

2173

01:16:25,420 --> 01:16:23,360

question are there well we have a

2174

01:16:27,100 --> 01:16:25,430

question here what was the biggest

2175

01:16:28,630 --> 01:16:27,110

barrier for you personally getting hired

2176

01:16:29,920 --> 01:16:28,640

but we always get questions like this

2177

01:16:32,710 --> 01:16:29,930

and people want to know like how did you

2178

01:16:36,900 --> 01:16:32,720

get started at NASA and you know yeah

2179

01:16:40,120 --> 01:16:36,910

yeah your background exactly sure so um

2180

01:16:41,560 --> 01:16:40,130

so I'm an aerospace engineer so that's

2181

01:16:43,450 --> 01:16:41,570

what I studied in school that's what I

2182

01:16:45,520 --> 01:16:43,460

got my my bachelor's and my master's in

2183

01:16:48,280 --> 01:16:45,530

and to be honest I've always been

2184

01:16:50,230 --> 01:16:48,290

passionate about aircraft and flight and

2185

01:16:52,570 --> 01:16:50,240

specifically flight controls and that's

2186

01:16:54,820 --> 01:16:52,580

how I got started but I think there's a

2187

01:16:56,680 --> 01:16:54,830

whole host of opportunities and avenues

2188

01:16:59,200 --> 01:16:56,690

I don't think you have to study

2189

01:17:01,210 --> 01:16:59,210

aerospace engineering or necessarily

2190

01:17:03,400 --> 01:17:01,220

even just aero so there's there's a

2191

01:17:05,260 --> 01:17:03,410

whole different set of fields and

2192

01:17:07,350 --> 01:17:05,270

disciplines that make our research a

2193

01:17:10,000 --> 01:17:07,360

reality right we have people who are

2194

01:17:12,370 --> 01:17:10,010

psychologists engineers you know

2195

01:17:14,200 --> 01:17:12,380

analysts people who work with data so

2196

01:17:15,580 --> 01:17:14,210

there's a you can really do anything

2197

01:17:17,470 --> 01:17:15,590

it's all I think it's all about the

2198

01:17:19,060 --> 01:17:17,480

passion if you're interested in kind of

2199

01:17:21,370 --> 01:17:19,070

seeing how we can push the bounds you

2200

01:17:23,620 --> 01:17:21,380

bring in all of these new entrants bring

2201

01:17:24,970 --> 01:17:23,630

in an innovation into air traffic

2202

01:17:26,850 --> 01:17:24,980

management I think there's so many ways

2203

01:17:29,920 --> 01:17:26,860

you could come in and play a role here

2204

01:17:31,390 --> 01:17:29,930

and just to illustrate that with this

2205

01:17:34,750 --> 01:17:31,400

drone traffic management project that we

2206

01:17:35,860 --> 01:17:34,760

had we had folks that were Aero

2207

01:17:37,330 --> 01:17:35,870

engineers that are important to

2208

01:17:38,860 --> 01:17:37,340

understanding the system and how the

2209

01:17:41,770 --> 01:17:38,870

vehicles work and and all those sorts of

2210

01:17:44,590 --> 01:17:41,780

things I'm a computer engineer so I'm

2211

01:17:46,090 --> 01:17:44,600

not an aero engineer by training so

2212

01:17:47,170 --> 01:17:46,100

that's important in kind of building

2213

01:17:48,490 --> 01:17:47,180

help the systems we had a lot of

2214

01:17:50,560 --> 01:17:48,500

computer scientists computer engineers

2215

01:17:52,630 --> 01:17:50,570

helping with this as well and then you

2216

01:17:54,940 --> 01:17:52,640

do get systems engineers and physicists

2217

01:17:56,770 --> 01:17:54,950

and other folks that really matter and

2218

01:17:58,660 --> 01:17:56,780

doing these human factors people right

2219

01:17:59,890 --> 01:17:58,670

that understand again Siobhan Julie was

2220

01:18:01,210 --> 01:17:59,900

talking earlier about what are these new

2221

01:18:03,190 --> 01:18:01,220

control systems look like how do people

2222

01:18:04,540 --> 01:18:03,200

interact with them it's a completely new

2223

01:18:06,790 --> 01:18:04,550

system we're talking about so I don't

2224

01:18:08,290 --> 01:18:06,800

really know how the human needs to

2225

01:18:10,480 --> 01:18:08,300

interact that's gonna impact them

2226

01:18:13,090 --> 01:18:10,490

exactly and what makes what makes their

2227

01:18:14,530 --> 01:18:13,100

job easier or harder right so all of

2228

01:18:16,030 --> 01:18:14,540

those kind of folks are really important

2229

01:18:18,150 --> 01:18:16,040

in building out a system like UTM and

2230

01:18:19,380 --> 01:18:18,160

that's what we had on our team yeah

2231

01:18:21,450 --> 01:18:19,390

it sounds like it makes sense really

2232

01:18:22,950 --> 01:18:21,460

you've talked about so many aspects of

2233

01:18:24,450 --> 01:18:22,960

this work to profess its different

2234

01:18:27,090 --> 01:18:24,460

layers you kept saying different layers

2235

01:18:29,040 --> 01:18:27,100

of the system you need so many different

2236

01:18:30,690 --> 01:18:29,050

perspectives on that so that's awesome

2237

01:18:32,820 --> 01:18:30,700

that's good news for people out there

2238

01:18:34,950 --> 01:18:32,830

yeah it really does take a team I think

2239

01:18:36,570 --> 01:18:34,960

it you have a team with a whole wide

2240

01:18:38,370 --> 01:18:36,580

range of disciplines that really allows

2241

01:18:40,710 --> 01:18:38,380

some of this technology to come to light

2242

01:18:41,700 --> 01:18:40,720

right sounds like it it's a great place

2243

01:18:43,530 --> 01:18:41,710

to solve hard problems

2244

01:18:45,030 --> 01:18:43,540

that's what Aeronautics really offers

2245

01:18:46,890 --> 01:18:45,040

and I think what it brings a lot of

2246

01:18:48,180 --> 01:18:46,900

people that's what brought me in it's a

2247

01:18:51,030 --> 01:18:48,190

good place to solve really hard problems

2248

01:18:52,920 --> 01:18:51,040

I make an impact fascinating awesome

2249

01:18:55,080 --> 01:18:52,930

yeah well this has been awesome and

2250

01:18:57,390 --> 01:18:55,090

thank you guys for joining us maybe we

2251

01:18:59,250 --> 01:18:57,400

can just about run out of time but thank

2252

01:19:01,170 --> 01:18:59,260

you for being here and thank you to

2253

01:19:03,480 --> 01:19:01,180

everybody who joined us in the chat on

2254

01:19:05,610 --> 01:19:03,490

twitch we'll be back in the new year so

2255

01:19:08,490 --> 01:19:05,620

follow NASA on social media to hear

2256

01:19:10,410 --> 01:19:08,500

about upcoming shows and to see past

2257

01:19:13,920 --> 01:19:10,420

episodes of this show you can check out

2258

01:19:16,860 --> 01:19:13,930

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